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(71) Applicant: Kramer, Robert A.
627 14th Street
Santa Monica California 90402(US)

(72) Inventor: Kramer, Robert A.
627 14th Street
Santa Monica California 90402(US)

(74) Representative: Overath, Philippe et al
Cabinet Bede 13, Avenue Antoine Depage
B-1050 Bruxelles(BE)

(56) Method of and system for identification and verification of broadcasted television and radio program segments.

(57) A method of and system for identification and verification of TV and/or radio broadcasted program segments involves use of subaudible codes which are mixed with the conventional audio in the program segments. Individual program segments have at the beginning thereof a preamble code (such as a predetermined number of cycles of 40 Hz.), a program segment identification code (which may consist of a series of alphanumeric characters) and a postamble code (such as a given number of cycles

of 40 Hz.). A plurality of radio/television broadcast stations (A-F) are monitored, the codes recovered and data sets defined, stored and later sent to a central location (31) for reconciliation and/or compilation. In the case of television stations, the video content of at least commercial message segments may be monitored to determine video signal continuity by monitoring the presence and/or absence of video signals.

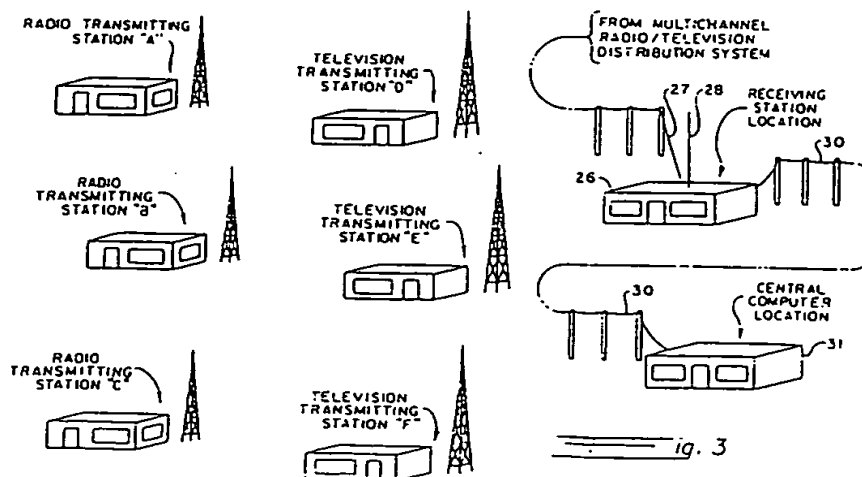


fig. 3

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 89 87 0092

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
Y	WO-A-8 606 239 (GREENBERG) * Page 3, line 13 - page 6, line 26 *	1,6,10	H 04 H 9:00
A		2,5,7,11, 13	
Y	FR-A-2 559 002 (S. GAM) * Page 3, lines 21-36; page 5, line 27 - page 6, line 4; claims *	1,6,10	
A		3,4,8	
A,D	US-A-3 845 391 (CROSBY) * Column 1, line 65 - column 2, line 61 *	1,6,10	
A	EP-A-0 135 192 (AUDICOM CORP.) * Claims *	1,6,10	
A,D	US-A-3 919 479 (MOON et al.) * Abstract *	5,9,12	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)
			H 04 H H 04 N
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search		Date of completion of search	Examiner
The Hague		01 February 91	GASTALDI G.L.
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T: theory or principle underlying the invention			

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Applicant: Kramer, Robert A.
627 14th Street
Santa Monica California 90402 (US)

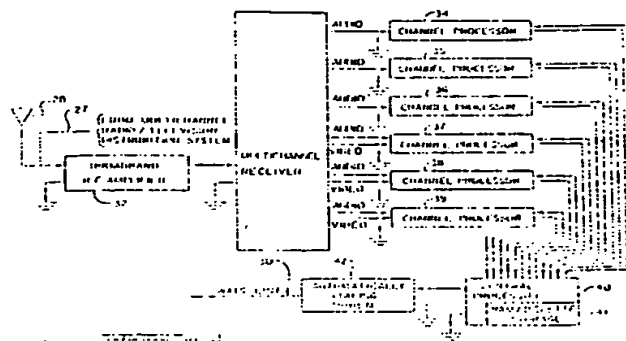
Inventor: Kramer, Robert A.
627 14th Street
Santa Monica California 90402 (US)

Representative: Overath, Philippe et al
Cabinet Bede 13, Avenue Antoine Depage
B-1050 Bruxelles (BE)

A request for correction of Appendices A and B has been filed pursuant to Rule 88 EPC. A decision on the request will be taken during the proceedings before the Examining Division (Guidelines for Examination in the EPO, A-V, 2.2).

Method of and system for identification and verification of broadcasted television and radio program segments.

A method of and system for identification and verification of TV and/or radio broadcasted program segments involves use of subaudible codes which are mixed with the conventional audio in the program segments. Individual program segments have at the beginning thereof a preamble code (such as a predetermined number of cycles of 40 Hz.), a program segment identification code (which may consist of a series of alpha-numeric characters) and a postamble code (such as a given number of cycles of 40 Hz.). A plurality of radio/television broadcast stations (A-F) are monitored, the codes recovered and data sets defined, stored and later sent to a central location (31) for reconciliation and/or compilation. In the case of television stations, the video content of at least commercial message segments may be monitored to determine video signal continuity by monitoring the presence and/or absence of video signals.



Description

METHOD OF AND SYSTEM FOR IDENTIFICATION AND VERIFICATION OF BROADCASTED TELEVISION AND RADIO PROGRAM SEGMENTS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of Invention

This invention relates generally to an improved method of and system for automatically identifying and verifying television and radio program segments, including commercial messages, using identification codes. More particularly, the present invention relates to such an improved method and system which do not degrade program quality, are not perceptible to a listener or viewer and are very reliable.

2. Description of the Prior Art

Over the years two general techniques have been developed in program identification systems; these are identification encoding and pattern recognition, but these techniques as thus far developed have been found to be substantially limited and have not been entirely satisfactory.

Program identification coding methods have been divided into two general areas, audio and video encoding. Audio encoding (e.g. U.S. Pat. No. 3,845,391 to Crosby) has proven to be unsatisfactory for television broadcasting. In the final report of the Ad Hoc Committee On Television Broadcast Ancillary Signals Of The Joint Committee On Intersociety Coordination (published May, 1978), the Journal Of The Society Of Motion Picture and Television Engineers found the aforementioned audio program identification to be extremely unreliable and caused significant degradation of program signal quality.

Video encoding has also proved to be less than satisfactory for television broadcasting. In U.S. Pat. No. 4,025,851 to Haselwood et al. for network clearance monitoring, a 48 character digital code is placed onto the vertical blanking interval of line 20. While the use of line 20 reduced the degradation of the program signal quality, the encoding system used therein is overly complex and inadequate. This system utilizes a changed line format for the handling of the data, which requires complex data processing, encoding, storage and verification. In addition, the system is only able to monitor the broadcast of a single network with an inability to scan more than one channel. Moreover, only a method and system for the identification of the program is disclosed with there being no teaching as to the integration and recording of information as to the program's audio and visual quality.

A process for automatic electronic recognition and identification of programs and commercial advertisements broadcast on television and radio has been proposed in U.S. Pat. No. 3,919,479 to Moon et al., wherein a digitally sampled reference signal segment derived from either the audio or video portion of the original program content to be

identified is compared with successive sampled segments of the corresponding audio or video portion of a broadcast signal in a correlation process to produce a correlation function signal. The sampling rates and the time duration of the reference signal segment and the broadcast signal segments are the same. When the signal segments which are compared are the same, the correlation function signal is relatively large and a recognition thereof is achieved when such correlation function signal exceeds a selected threshold level. The compared signal segments may also be obtained as low frequency signals derived from the original reference and broadcast signals by non-linear and envelope formation processing techniques. This example of computerized pattern recognition is very complex and related solely to program content.

None of the above-noted prior attempts to verify the broadcasting of commercial messages have met with wide acceptance, because each requires either changes in operating procedures, purchase of external hardware, or some amount of manual reconciliation.

Radio and television stations earn the bulk of their revenue by broadcasting commercial messages. Some of these messages are for local advertisers, while a variable percentage is derived from so-called national advertisers. It is customary for these national advertisers to employ advertising agencies to create the actual commercials to be aired; these agencies then proceed to buy air time in the desired radio/television markets. Due to the sheer numbers of markets and broadcast outlets (air time is generally purchased on more than one station within a market, and many markets can be specified), the agencies usually make use of firms which represent the individual stations. If a radio or television network is included, the network is contacted, and time is purchased. Thus, a commercial can reach an individual station by one of two routes, via a wired network (such as ABC, NBC or CBS), or through an "un-wired" network, such as one of the national station-representing firms. In both circumstances, it is necessary that the network and the agency have some means of verifying that the commercial(s) were broadcast as specified.

At present, these verifications (affidavits of performance) are generally generated manually, by each radio and television station. The originating network must then collect and reconcile each of these affidavits, also manually. This process is very lengthy and prone to error. Only after the affidavits are reconciled can payment to the networks and stations be made. The average lead time for payment to a local television or radio station, broadcasting a nationally-originated commercial, is four-to-six months. Most of this delay is directly attributable to the manual processing involved, and virtually all station and network personnel, for a variety of reasons, are desirous of a faster, more reliable,

automated means of verifying broadcasts.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide a novel and improved method of and system for automatic television and radio broadcast program segment identification and verification.

Another object is to provide a novel and improved method of and system for automatic television and radio broadcast program segment identification and verification that does not degrade the broadcast content.

A further object is to provide a novel and improved method of and system for automatic television broadcast program segment identification and verification that can monitor one or more channels at a time.

An additional object is to provide a novel and improved method of and system for automatic television broadcast program segment identification and verification wherein the program data generates subsequent data which is stored locally and later sent to a central evaluation center.

Yet another object is to provide a method of and system for automatic television and radio broadcast program segment identification and verification which does not require any modification of standard broadcasting studio and/or transmitting equipment.

Yet a further object of the present invention is to provide a method of and a system for automatic television and radio broadcast program segment identification and verification which is both simple and reliable.

Yet an additional object of the present invention is to provide a method of and system for automatic television and broadcast commercial message identification and verification.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide a method of and a system for automatic television and radio broadcast commercial message identification and verification which produces data indicative of audio and/or video interruptions of identified commercial messages.

An improved method of and a system for identification and verification of radio and television transmitted program and commercial materials are provided in accordance with the present invention. Assurance of proper airing of these materials is achieved through an encoded subaudible message received by the system described herein, and transmission to a central reconciliation point of these encoded messages for the purpose of generating proof-of-performance affidavits. The present invention utilizes a unique program identification code, which is recorded in the main audio channel. This code is intended for recording on a master tape of the program or commercial, and subsequent duplications of this master tape would likewise contain the identification code. Radio and television stations broadcasting the tape need add no hardware, nor make any changes whatsoever in their operating procedures. A code receiving device, which monitors all radio and television stations in a

given market area, is, in effect, a multi-channel receiver, programmed to filter out all material except the transmitted subaudible codes based on a single frequency subaudible tone. In this manner, the receiving device identifies the transmitting radio and television stations, the code (and thus the particular program segment, such as a commercial message) and, in effect, stamps this data with the time and date, and, if desired, a signal which indicates whether or not the individual program segments, including individual commercial messages, was broadcasted in its entirety. Thus, it is possible to monitor an entire market's broadcast facilities (radio and television, including cable sources). At a given time each day, the monitoring receiving station transmits all received codes (along with the identifying data), through a modem, to a central reconciliation location. The central reconciliation location may include a computer which compares the data received data with information supplied at the time the original program encoding occurred. In this manner, affidavits proving performance (necessary for payment of advertising charges for networks and individual stations) can be generated on a market-by-market basis, along with such statistical data regarding these broadcast programs as may be deemed desirable.

From one vantage point, the invention can be seen as a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, which includes a plurality of broadcasting stations, at least one being a television broadcasting station. The stations broadcast signals which include program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes, following each preamble code occurrence, a subaudible postamble code following each program segment identification code occurrence and, in the case of television broadcast stations a video signal. At least one monitoring station receives the broadcasted signals, the monitoring station including (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to the broadcasted signal from each respective broadcasting station for recovering each received preamble code, each received respective program segment identification code, each received postamble code and, for monitored television broadcast stations, each video signal to develop therefrom video presence and/or absence signals during periods between each received preamble code and each received postamble code, and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store data signal representations of each occurrences of the recovered preamble code, the recovered respective program segment identification codes, the recovered postamble code, the developed video presence and/or absence signals, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel. Means at the monitoring station send the stored data signal representations to a central station, the central station being provided with means for receiving data from a plurality of monitoring station to compile

and/or to reconcile same.

The invention can be seen as being in a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations, including at least one television broadcasting station. At least one monitoring station receives broadcasted signals from the broadcasting stations. The monitoring station includes (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations for recovering a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes, a subaudible postamble code, and, for monitored television broadcast stations, each video signal to develop therefrom video presence and/or absence signals at least during periods between each received preamble code and each received postamble code, and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store data signal representations of each occurrence of the recovered preamble code, the recovered respective program identification codes and the postamble code, the video presence and/or absence signals, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals and the station-identifying signals for each channel. Means at the monitoring station send the stored data signal representations to a central station, the station being provided with means for receiving data from a plurality of monitoring stations to compile and/or to reconcile same.

The invention can be seen as being in a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations, including at least one television broadcast station. At least one monitoring station receives broadcasted signals from the broadcasting stations, the monitoring station including (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations for recovering a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes of each program segment received therefrom and a subaudible postamble code and, for monitored television broadcast stations each video signal to develop therefrom video presence and/or absence signals at least during periods between each received preamble code and each received postamble code, and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store signal representations of each occurrence of the recovered preamble code, the recovered program segment, the postamble code, identification codes, the video presence and/or absence signals, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.

From a slightly different viewpoint, the invention can be seen as being in a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations, including at least one television broadcasting station. At least one monitoring station receives broadcasted signals

from broadcasting stations. The monitoring station has (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations for recovering program segment identification codes consisting of respective series of alphanumeric characters therefrom and, in the case of television broadcast stations, video presence and/or absence signals, and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store data signal representations of occurrences of the recovered program segment identification codes, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, the video presence and/or absence signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.

The invention also can be seen as being in a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations, at least one of which is a television broadcast station. At least one monitoring station receives broadcasted signals from said broadcasting stations. The monitoring station is provided with (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations for recovering program segment identification codes therefrom consisting of respective series of alphanumeric characters and, in the case of television broadcast stations, developing video presence and/or absence signals, each of the respective series of alphanumeric characters consisting of a respective series of four letters and four numerals, and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store data signal representations of occurrences of the recovered program segment identification codes, the developed video presence and/or absence signals, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.

The invention can also be viewed as being in a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations, at least one of which is a television broadcast station. At least one monitoring station receives broadcasted signals from the broadcasting stations. The monitoring station has (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations for recovering a preamble code, program segment identification codes and a postamble code therefrom, respective said program segments identification codes being repeated during periods of time between the preamble code and the postamble code whereby it may be determined if the respective program segments have been transmitted in the entirety, and, in the case of television broadcast stations, developing video presence and/or absence signals and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store data signal representations of occurrences of the recovered

program segment identification codes, the developed video presence and/or absence signals, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.

From a somewhat different viewpoint, the invention can be seen as being in a system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, at least some of the program segments being commercial message segments, from a plurality of broadcasting stations, including at least one television broadcast station. At least one monitoring station receives broadcasted signals from the broadcasting stations. The monitoring station is provided with (a) means for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels responsive to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations for recovering program segment identification codes therefrom, and, in the case of television broadcast signals, video presence and/or absence signals, and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals. Means at the monitoring station store data signal representations of occurrences of the recovered program segment identification codes, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, the video presence and/or absence signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.

The plurality of broadcasting stations may include television stations and standard radio broadcasting stations. The audio and/or video components of program segments, particularly commercial segments are checked for continuity.

The standard radio broadcasting stations may include frequency modulation broadcast stations and amplitude modulation broadcast stations.

Some or all of the broadcast stations may be cable channels of a distribution system.

The subaudible program segment identification codes may consist of respective series of alphanumeric characters. The characters in a code may consist of four letters and four numerals. The alphanumeric characters are formed by a series of mark signals and space signals, defined respectively by presence and absence of a 40 Hz. subaudible signal.

The subaudible preamble code may consist of a predetermined number of cycles of 40 Hz. signal and the subaudible postamble code consists of a given number of cycles of 40 Hz. signal.

In the event one wishes to check whether or not any given program segment was transmitted in its entirety, the respective program segment identified code is positioned immediately after the preamble code and is repeated a sufficient number of times.

In its method aspect, the invention can be seen as a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from radio and television stations. The method includes providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes and a subaudible postamble code; and broadcasting the program segments from a plurality of broadcast stations, at least one of which is a television broadcast station. The method provides

for receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations; and deriving from the received broadcast signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code and, in the case of broadcast signals from television broadcast stations, video presence and/or absence signals. Additional steps include providing at the monitoring location respective broadcast station identification signals, generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and storing at the monitoring location signals representing occurrences of the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes, the postamble code when received and the video presence and/or absence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received and absence of video presence signals during periods between the respective preamble codes and respective postamble codes. The method provides for sending the stored signals as data to a central point which also receives data from other monitoring locations for compilation and/or reconciliation.

The invention also is seen as a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments which involves providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes and a subaudible postamble code; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from a plurality of broadcast stations, including at least one television broadcast station; and deriving from the received broadcast signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes, the postamble code and, in the case of signals from television broadcast stations, video presence and/or absence signals during periods between the respective preamble codes and respective postamble codes. The method includes providing at the monitoring location respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; and storing at the monitoring location signals representing occurrences of the recovered preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code, when received, the video presence and/or absence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received. The method provides for sending the stored signals as data to a central point which also receives data from other monitoring locations for compilation and/or reconciliation.

The invention can be viewed as a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments which includes providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identifica-

tion codes and a subaudible postamble code; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations, including at least one television broadcast station; and deriving from the received broadcast signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes, the postamble code and, in the case of signals from television broadcast stations, video presence and/or absence signals at least during periods between occurrences of the preamble code and the postamble code. The method further includes providing at the monitoring station respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; and storing at the monitoring location data signals representing occurrences of the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes, the postamble code when received and, in the case of video, the video presence and/or absence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment containing a commercial message is received.

Also in its method aspect, the invention is a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments which involves providing program segments having respective subaudible program segment identification codes; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations, including at least one television broadcast station; and deriving from the received broadcast signals the respective program segment identification codes, the postamble code and the video presence and/or absence signals; and providing at the monitoring station respective broadcast station identification signals. The invention provides for generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; and storing at the monitoring location data signals representing occurrences of the respective program segment identification codes when received and video presence and/or absence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received.

In some cases the preamble and postamble codes need not be broadcasted in the event one wants to determine only if the program segment was broadcasted without regard to whether or not it was broadcasted in its entirety.

As with the system, in practicing the method, the radio and/or television program segments may include or consist solely of commercial message program segments.

It is also desirable in practicing the method to provide the program segment identification code during the entire time period between the preamble and postamble codes so that one can determine if any breaks occurred in the program segment; that

is, audio and/or video components of the segments. This is especially desirable when the program segment involved is a commercial message segment.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGS. 1A and 1B constitute a schematic diagram of an exemplary embodiment of a circuit for encoding program segments, including commercial messages, which is particularly useful in practicing the present invention in both its system and method aspects.

FIG. 2 is a flowchart helpful in understanding the operation of the circuit illustrated in FIGS. 1A and 1B.

FIG. 3 is a somewhat diagrammatic, pictorial view exemplifying the geographic relationship among broadcast stations, including cable stations, a multichannel receiving station and a central computer location helpful in understanding the present invention, in both its system and method aspects.

FIG. 4 is a simplified block diagram of an exemplary multichannel receiving station involving reception of both radio and television broadcasts and which may be used in practicing the present invention in its system and method aspects.

FIG. 5A is an exemplary embodiment of a signal processing channel, a plurality of which may be used for the channels in the receiving station illustrated in FIG. 4.

FIG. 5B is an exemplary embodiment of a signal processing channel, one or more of which may be used for one or more channels in the receiving station illustrated in FIG. 4, in those cases in which the continuity of the video portion of the program segments, in particular, segments constituting commercial messages are received.

FIG. 6A is a flowchart helpful in understanding the operation of the microprocessor forming part of the circuit shown in FIG. 5A.

FIGS. 6B and 6C taken together constitute a flowchart helpful in understanding the operation of the microprocessor forming part of the circuit shown in FIG. 5B.

FIG. 7 is a simplified block diagram of an exemplary embodiment of a data center at which data from a plurality of receiving stations can be gathered, completed and/or Reconciled.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The exemplary circuit for encoding program segments, including commercial messages, in accordance with a realized version of the present invention, as shown in FIGS. 1A and 1B include a programmed computer 10, which may be an IBM-PC-XT™ provided with a hard disk

drive and one floppy disk drive, as illustrated. The circuit is provided with a conventional keyboard 11 and a conventional monochrome monitor 12, these three components being connected together by conventional cables (not shown).

The exemplary circuit includes a highly stable 40 Hz. sinewave generator 13 supplying its 40 Hz. output to a zero-crossing detector 14 which produces an output signal each time the 40 Hz. input signal received from the generator 13 passes through zero. The output from the zero-crossing detector is fed to a counter 15, which produces an output pulse train having a pulse repetition rate of 40 pulses per second, this pulse train being fed to the clock input terminal of a latch 16 which, in a realized embodiment was constituted by a commercially available semiconductor chip sold under the designation 74HC74.

The output pulse train from the counter 15 is also fed, as a data synchronization signal, to the computer 10 via a buffer 17. Thus, the computer 10 can be operated in synchronism with the 40 Hz. generator 13 and supply its output, labeled "modulation in" to the data terminal (D) of the latch 16 via a buffer 18. The output terminal (Q) of the latch 16 is connected to the control input terminal of an electronic switch 20 which receives a constant 40 Hz. input, at its signal input terminal, from the 40 Hz. generator 13, via a buffer 21. In operation, the electronic switch 20 passes controlled bursts of 40 Hz. signals to a linear mixer 22, under control of the computer 10. The computer 10, in the exemplary realized embodiment, was programmed, using assembly and C languages as set out in the section labeled "Programs" hereinbelow. It is to be understood that other programs may be used to achieve the same ends and in FIG. 2 so that the 40 Hz. signals are selectively passed to mixer 22 as required.

A baseband audio signal, from a live source or from playback of one or more previously recorded program segments is fed via a conventional input connection to a high pass filter 23, which passes signals above 116 Hz. The output from the high pass filter 23 is fed to a 40 Hz. notch filter 24, via a buffer 25. The action of the filters 23 and 24, acting together result in any 40 Hz. signal which appears in the baseband audio being 30 d.b. below other signal components. Thus, any 40 Hz. signals which are passed, via the electronic switch 20, to the linear mixer 22 are virtually free of possible interference from signals of 40 Hz. which may be in conventional audio feeds.

The output from the linear mixer 22 appears as a line output, with encoded 40 Hz.-based signals thereon. This mixed output is preferably rerecorded for distribution to a network (wired or unwired) and/or individual selected broadcast stations for later broadcast. Alternatively, the line output with the encoded 40 Hz. signals could be fed live to distribution lines for either

immediate broadcast or remote recording for later broadcast.

Once the program segments, which may include both commercial messages and entertainment segments, have been modified and/or produced using the circuit of FIGS. 1A and 1B, the thus modified program segments having the codes thereon are broadcasted one or more times from one or more television and/or radio stations in various markets throughout the country. In most instances, different encoded program segments may be broadcasted in a given geographic market area, shown diagrammatically in FIG. 3, during the same time period from different broadcast stations. As shown in FIG. 3, by way of example, the market area includes a plurality of radio transmitting stations, three such stations "A", "B" and "C" being shown in FIG. 3; these stations may be FM or AM stations or any other type of radio transmitting stations authorized to broadcast within the particular political national state or political subdivision involved in any case. The market area also includes a plurality of television transmitting stations, three such stations "D", "E" and "F" being shown in FIG. 3 by way of example; these stations may be VHF or UHF stations, or any other type of television transmitting station allowed to broadcast within the particular political national state or political subdivision involved, in any case. The market area may also include one or more multichannel radio/television distribution systems, including local channels, now familiar in cable systems which involve locally produced and/or satellite transmissions. In FIG. 3, one such system is shown as being wired to a program monitoring receiving station 26, via a pole-supported service, illustrated as a coaxial cable 27. As a simplified illustration, a broad band receiving antenna 28 is shown as a means for receiving transmissions from the radio transmitting stations "A"- "C" and television transmitting stations "D"- "F". If desired a parabolic receiving structure could also be provided for receiving other broadcasted signals, such as those from a satellite broadcast service. The receiving station 26, which is illustrated schematically in detail in FIG. 4, is provided with a WATS line 30, or a similar communication arrangement, whereby data from the receiving station may be fed to a central computer location 31, at which location additional data from a plurality of other receiving stations is also received and compiled and/or reconciled with program segment data from the originator(s). Thus, it may be determined, for a multiple market area, whether or not particular program segments -- including commercial messages -- have been actually broadcasted as intended and whether or not the individual segments have been broadcasted in the entirety.

Turning to FIG. 4, which illustrates circuit details of the circuitry of the receiving station 26 (FIG. 3), the circuitry includes the broadband

antenna 28 and a coaxial cable 27 from the cable distribution network. The output from the antenna 28 and the coaxial cable 27 are fed to a broadband R.F. amplifier 32 having its output connected to a multichannel receiver 33 which is provided with a conventional receiver channel for each of the radio and television broadcasting channels which are to be monitored. A respective channel processor 34-39 is coupled to the respective receiver channels in the multichannel receiver 33, one receiver channel and one receiver channel processor being provided for each radio and television broadcast station to be monitored. Six processing channels are shown for purposes of illustration, the channel processors 34-36 being provided for monitoring radio broadcast stations. The channel processors 37-39 are provided for monitoring television stations to check both audio and video signal continuity during selected program segments, in particular those containing commercial messages. In many cases, an installation could involve many more radio and/or television channels, even hundreds. The circuit details of an exemplary channel processor, which may be used for the individual channel processors, is illustrated in FIG. 5A to which more detailed reference is to be made hereinbelow. Reference is also to be made to the circuit shown in FIG. 5B, the circuit including components which monitor and detect video presence and absence during program segments, in particular commercial message segments.

Returning to FIG. 4, the circuitry within the receiving station 26 (FIG. 3) also includes a central processor 40 having a RAM/diskette storage 41, each of the channel processors 34-39 being controlled by the central processor and feeding, under control of the central processor, data sets relating to the encoded program segments as derived by the channel processors to the central processor. As illustrated, channel processors 34-36 receive respective audio inputs from the radio receiving channels of the receiver 33. The central processor 40 is operatively arranged to feed the data sets stored in its RAM (or retrieved from its diskette storage) to an automatically dialing modem 42 on a programmed basis, for example at a particular time after midnight each day, the data sets being fed to the WATS line 30 and, thence, to the central computer location 31. It is to be appreciated that each of the respective channel processors 34-39 is transmitting-station specific and, thus, can operate to automatically tag each received transmitting station identification. The individual channels 34-39 are also provided with date and time signal from a DOS clock within the central processor and arranges to place a date and time stamp at the end of each data set received.

The channel processors 34-36 (FIG. 4) are respectively constructed as illustrated in FIG. 5A, the baseband audio output from a

respective one of the channels 34-36 of the multichannel receiver 33 (FIG. 4) being fed to a 10 KHz. low pass pre-filter 43 of the fifth order providing filtering at 3 d.b. per octave. The filter 43, in the case of FM stereo and/or TV effects the removal of subcarrier artifacts. The output from the filter 43 is fed to a low pass filter 44 of a modified five-pole Butterworth type having corners set at 155 Hz. The output of the low pass filter 44 is fed to a comparator 45 which compares the input signal with a reference voltage providing as its output ± 12 volts depending on whether or not a 40 Hz. component is present or is not present in the signal received from a respective one of the receiver channels. A level shifter 46, which receives the output from the comparator 45, converts the signal into a conventional TTL output, a + 5 volts and zero volts signal which is fed to a retriggerable one-shot multivibrator 47 provided with a timer 48, realized as a NE 555 chip set to provide 37 millisecond timing pulses so that the DATA is, in effect, looked at at certain times. The TTL output from the level shifter 46 is also fed as raw DATA to a microprocessor 51 which also receives a DATA active signal as its controlling input from the one-shot multivibrator 47 via a buffer 50. The microprocessor 51, which may include a 2K RAM for temporary storage, converts the TTL pulse train to an ASCII data set which is supplied to the central processor 40 (FIG. 4), under the control thereof, as are the outputs from the other processor channels (FIG. 4). In a preferred variant, the on-board microprocessor includes a 4K dual port RAM. The dual port RAM serves two purposes, (1) to hold decoding software for use by the microprocessor, and (2) to store decoded messages for collection by the central processor 40 (FIG. 4) for storage and transmission to the central host (FIG. 3). Each of the channels 37-39 (FIG. 4) includes a video presence detector 61, as shown in FIG. 5B, its output being connected to the microprocessor 51. The other features of the channel processor of FIG. 5B correspond to those shown in FIG. 5A. The video presence detector 61 is part of the circuitry (for those channels monitoring TV signals). This presence detector 61 is a self-contained module, added to the generic card design. The basic data decoding scheme remains unchanged, except that the output of the video detector presence detector 61 is either a logical ONE or a logical ZERO, with a logical ONE indicating that a fault, an absence of video during a program segment, was detected. The output of the video presence detector is preferably scanned only during commercial reception times; that is, when the on-board microprocessor 51 on the respective channel card detects an incoming commercial message, the processor 51 begins looking at the output of the video presence detector 61 module. If the message runs in its entirety with the video presence state a continuous ZERO.

the system will report a successful video run, with no loss detected. If, during the commercial message duration, the processor detects a ONE, it will report a video hit. One can program the system to record time and duration of video loss. Therefore, the channels 37-39 can report audio and video losses to the central processor 40 independently. Moreover, channels 37-39 can report the presence and/or absence of video thereby allowing monitoring of both loss and presence of video or either one, in terms of usefulness, the absence of video would be the more significant parameter, requiring less storage capacity. It is to be understood that video presence and/or absence could be monitored for all program segments (after all advertisers are interested in whether the programs -- in addition to commercial segments -- have been received in their entirety). The microprocessor 51 under control of the central processor 40 (FIG. 4) carries out the routines respectively set out in flowchart form in FIG. 6A, and FIGS. 6B and 6C for radio and television station monitoring, respectively. In operation, the microprocessor 51 for each channel supplies in ASCII data set form for each program segment monitored a code sequence which consists of station ID, preamble code, program segment identification code, postamble code, dropout signal (if segment not received in its entirety), and day and time signals. In the case of the channels 37-39, two dropout signals may be developed. The first, as in the case of channels 34-36, is a signal indicative of an audio segment not being received in its entirety. The second signal developed is a signal indicative of a video segment not being received in its entirety.

As stated above, the central processor 40 supplies its output from RAM or diskette storage 41 via the modem 42 and a WATS line 30 to one of a plurality of MODEMS 57 at the central computer location 31 (FIG. 3). The modems 57 also receive inputs from other monitoring receiver stations, for example via WATS lines 52-56, supplying output therefrom to a reconciling minicomputer 60, which may be a VAX computer which is also provided in program segment data from the originator or originators thereof, as indicated by the block 58. The minicomputer 60 either simply compiles the received data or additionally reconciles it with the data from the originator(s).

The above described system can be used to carry out, in accordance with the present invention, a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, the method comprising: providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible identification codes and a subaudible postamble code; broadcasting the program segments from a plurality of broadcast stations; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations; deriving from the received broadcast

signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code;

providing at the monitoring location respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; storing at the monitoring location signals representing occurrences of the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code when received, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received; and sending the stored signals as data to a central point which also receives data from other monitoring locations for compilation and/or reconciliation.

In accordance with the present invention, the disclosed system can be used to carry out a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, the method comprising: providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes and a subaudible postamble codes; broadcasting the program segments from a plurality of broadcast station, at least one of which is a television broadcast station, receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from a plurality of broadcast stations; deriving from the received broadcast signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code and, in the case of broadcast signals from television stations, video presence and/or absence signals; providing at the monitoring location respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; storing at the monitoring location signals representing occurrences of the recovered preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code, when received, the video presence and/or absence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received and absence of video presence signals during periods between respective preamble codes and respective postamble codes; and sending the stored signals as data to a central point which also receives data from other monitoring locations for compilation and/or reconciliation.

The system can also be used to carry out a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, the method comprising: providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification

codes and a subaudible postamble code; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations, including at least one television broadcast station; deriving from the received broadcast signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code and, in the case of signals from television broadcast stations, video presence and/or absence signals at least during periods between the respective preamble codes and the respective postamble codes; providing at the monitoring station respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; and storing at the monitoring location as data signals representing occurrence of the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code when received and, in the case of video, the video presence and/or absence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment containing a commercial message is received.

The disclosed system can also carry out a method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, the method comprising: providing program segments having respective subaudible program segment identification codes; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations, including at least one television broadcast station; deriving from the received broadcast signals the respective program segment identification codes and video presence and/or absence signals; providing at the monitoring station respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; and storing at the monitoring location as data signals representing occurrence of the respective program segment identification codes when received and the video presence signals, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received.

Programs suitable for carrying out the present invention (apart from the video presence and/or absence features) are set out in the attached appendix A and appendix B, labeled "Programs". These programs could easily be expanded to adapt them to the video presence and/or absence features.

It is to be understood that the foregoing description and accompanying drawings relate to preferred embodiments set out by way of example, not by way of limitation. Numerous

other embodiments and variants are possible without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention, its scope being defined by the appended claims.

Claims

1. A system for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations characterized by the fact that broadcasting stations (A-F) include devices (13-18, 20-25) for broadcasting signals which include program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes, following each preamble code occurrence, a subaudible postamble code following each program segment identification code occurrence; that at least one monitoring station (26) receives the broadcasted signals, the monitoring station including (a) means (40) for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels (34-39) responsive to the broadcasted signal from each respective broadcasting station for recovering each received preamble code, each received respective program segment identification code, each received postamble code and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals; and that means (41) at the monitoring station store data signal representations of each occurrences of the the covered preamble code, the recovered respective program segment identification codes, the recovered postamble code, the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.
2. The system according to claim 1, characterized by the fact that means (42) at the monitoring station (26) send the stored data signal representations to a central station (31), the central station being provided with means for receiving data from a plurality of monitoring station to compile and/or to reconcile same.
3. The system according to any preceding claims, characterized by the fact that the subaudible preamble code consists of a predetermined number of cycles of 40 Hz. and wherein the subaudible postamble code consists of a given number of cycles of 40 Hz.
4. The system according to any preceding claim, characterized as the fact that the program segment identification codes are repeated during periods of time between the preamble code and postamble code, whereby it may be determined if program segments have been transmitted in the entirety.
5. The system according to any preceding claim, characterized by the fact that at least one of the broadcasting stations is a television broadcasting station, that the at least one monitoring station the means for generating includes means (61) for developing video

presence and/or absence signals from the received television signals at least during periods between each received preamble code and each received postamble code, and that the means for storing data signal representations includes means for storing signal representations of the developed video presence and/or absence signals.

6. A monitoring station receiving broadcasted signals from broadcasting stations for identification and verification of broadcasted program segments from a plurality of broadcasting stations, characterized by the fact that the monitoring station (26) includes (a) means (40) for generating date-indicating and time-indicating signals, (b) respective channels (34-39) respond to respective broadcasted signals from respective broadcasting stations (A-F) for recovering a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes, a subaudible postamble code and (c) means for providing respective broadcast station-identification signals; and that means (41) at the monitoring station store data signal representations of each occurrence of the recovered preamble code, the recovered respective program identification codes and the postamble code the date-indicating and time-indicating signals, and the station-identifying signals for each channel.

7. The monitoring station according to claim 6, characterized by the fact that means (42) at the monitoring station send the stored data signal representations to a central station (31), the central station being provided with means for receiving data from a plurality of monitoring stations to compile and/or to reconcile same.

8. The monitoring station according to any one of claim 6 or 7, characterized by the fact that the subaudible preamble code consists of a predetermined number of cycles of 40 Hz. and wherein the subaudible postamble code consists of a given number of cycles of 40 Hz.

9. The monitoring station according to any one of claims 6-8, characterized by the fact that the means for generating includes means (61) generating video presence and/or absence signals from received television signals at least during periods between each received preamble code and each received postamble code, and that the means (42) which store data signal representations includes means for storing signal representations of developed video presence and/or absence signals.

10. Method of identification and verification of broadcasted program segments, the method characterized by providing program segments having a subaudible preamble code, respective subaudible program segment identification codes and a subaudible postamble code; broadcasting the program segments from a plurality of broadcast stations; receiving at a monitoring location broadcasted signals, including the program segments, from the plurality of broadcast stations; deriving from the

received broadcast signals the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes and the postamble code; providing at the monitoring location respective broadcast station identification signals; generating at the monitoring location respective date-indicating and time-indicating signals; and storing at the monitoring location signals representing occurrences of the preamble code, the respective program segment identification codes, the postamble code when received, each broadcast station identification signal from which each program segment was received each time it is received therefrom and the date-indicating and time-indicating signals each time a program segment is received.

11. The method according to claim 10, characterized by sending the stored signals as data to a central point which also receives data from other monitoring locations for compilation and/or reconciliation.

12. The method according to claim 10 or claim 11, characterized by broadcasting at least some of the program segments from at least one television station; developing, from broadcast signals from the at least one television station, video presence and/or absence signals; and storing at the monitoring location signals representing the video presence and/or absence signals at least during periods between the respective preamble codes and the respective postamble codes.

13. The method according to any one of claims 10-12, characterized by sending the stored signals as data to a central point which receives data from other monitoring locations for compilation and/or reconciliation.

PROGRAMSAPPENDIX A
SOURCE CODE

: THIS IS THE MAIN SOURCE MODULE FOR THE VOICE SYNTHESIZED SKI SPEEDOMETER.
: IT PROVIDES THE FOLLOWING ROUTINES:

: MONITOR : CONTROLS REAL TIME FUNCTIONS

: INITIALIZATION : POWER UP AND INITIALIZATION OF
: RAM

: ARITHMETIC LIBRARY : TWO BYTE MULTIPLY, BCD TO BINARY, BINARY TO BCD

: REAL TIME CLOCK; PRESUMES 4.608 MHZ CLOCK !

: PROGRAM EQUATES:

: REGISTER EQUATES:

: R30:

0C02	AREX	EQU	R2
0C03	TRP1	EQU	R3
0C04	TRP2	EQU	R4
0C05	COUNT	EQU	R5
0C06	LOOP	EQU	R6
0C07	BAIK	EQU	R7

: R31:

: TL-ER

0C03	AREX	EQU	R2
0C04	TRP1	EQU	R3
0C04	TRP2	EQU	R4

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

;      'STACK'
;
0C07  SAVE    EQU    R7
;
;-----
;      RAM DEFINITIONS:
;
;
0020          ORG    20H
;
;-----
0020  RAMSTRT    EQU    5
;
;      RAM DEFINITIONS
;
0020  CTLFLG:    DS      1      ; PROGRAM CONTROL FLAGS
;
;      CTLFLG EQUATES:
;
0001  VMCNTPCPL    EQU    1H      ; VANE COUNT COMPLETED
0000  KBCNCFL      EQU    80H     ; KBD COMMAND NOT YET EXECUTED
0002  WORDFL:      EQU    2H      ; WORD QUEUED; NOT UTTERED
0004  SPKFLG       EQU    4H      ; 5 SECOND SPEAK FLAG
;
;-----
;
0021  HSCREG:      DS      4      ; 4 MISC. REGISTERS
;
;-----
0025  BCDBUF:      DS      1
0026  NUMBUF1:     DS      1      ; ASCII OF ABOVE
0027  NUMBUF2:     DS      1
0028  NUMBUF3:     DS      1
0029  NUMBUF4:     DS      1
;
002A  MSGREG       DS      1      ; CONTAINS LOW BYTE OF CURRENT MESSAGE LABEL
002B  TMPREG:      DS      4      ; TEMPORARY STORAGE FOR CALCS
;
;
002F  DATAPTR      DS      1      ; POINTER FOR DATA SCROLL
0030  BINBUF:      DS      1      ; BINBUF INTO PACKED BCD IN BCDBUF
0031  HEXBUF:      DS      2      ; BUFFER FOR ASCII OUT OF BINHEX
0033  VANECTR:     DS      2      ; NUMBER OF VANE COUNTS
0035  VANECHNT:    DS      2      ; NUMBER COUNTED 1 SEC
0037  SPD:         DS      2      ; CURRENT COMPUTED SPEED
0039  SPDSUM:      DS      2      ; SUM OF ALL SPEEDS SPOKEN
003B  SUNGHT:      DS      2      ; NUMBER OF SPOKEN SPEEDS
003D  SPDAVG:      DS      1      ; SPDSUM / SUNGHT
003E  MAXSPD:      DS      1      ; STORES MAXIMUM SPEED

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MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```

003F      RTCLKM:      DS      1      ; RT CLOCK MINUTES
0040      RTCL5SC:     DS      1      ; RTCLK 5 SEC BLOCKS
0041      RTCL5C:      DS      2      ; " " SECONDS
0043      RTCLIT:      DS      1      ; " " TIMER INTERRUPTS; 10 MSEC,
0044      MSEC10:      DS      1      ; " " # OF 10 MSEC INTRs.
0045      MSEC100:     DS      1      ; " " # OF MSEC10 INTRs
0046      DISTNC:      DS      2      ; STORES LENGTH OF RUN DATA
0048      MILE:        DS      1      ; # OF MILES
0049      TENTH:       DS      1      ; TENTHS OF A MILE
004A      TENTH1:      DS      1
004B      TENTH2:      DS      1
004C      MILSUM:      DS      2
004E      CONST:       DS      2

0050      RESTRT:      DS      1      ; SET WHEN 'START' PUSHED; CHECKED BY 'END'
0051      VNMUL:       DS      2      ; STORES NUMBER TO DIVIDE INTO DISTNC
;
;      KEYBOARD REGISTERS
;
0053      KBCTR:       DS      1      ; COUNTS PASSES
0054      ROW:         DS      1      ; HOLDS KEYBOARD READ
0055      KBENTR:      DS      1      ; HOLDS KEYBOARD ENTRY
;
;      SPO256 REGISTERS
;
0056      NUMREG:      DS      1      ; HOLDS ADDRESS OF NUMBER IN 'NUMTAB'
0057      WRDREG:      DS      1      ; HOLDS ADDRESS OF WORD IN HSGTAB
0058      ALLBUF:      DS      1      ; HOLDS CURRENT ALLOPHONE ADDRESS
0059      ALLCTR:      DS      1      ; ALLOPHONE COUNTER IN CURRENT WORD
;
005A      RAHTOP      EQU      $
;
005A      GENDEQU      EQU      $
;
;      GLOBAL PROGRAM EQUATES
;
;      ** GENERAL EQUATES **
;
000F      LCMASK      EQU      0FH
00F0      HDMASK      EQU      0F0H
;
00FF      EOT         EQU      0FFH
000D      CR          EQU      0DH
0001      HALT        EQU      1H
0008      INTAK       EQU      8H
00EF      SPOCN       EQU      0EFH
0020      LCBAT       EQU      20H
;
;
;      TIMER EQUATES:

```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

003D      :
          : TEL#MSEC:      EQU      LOW      -195
          :
005A      : SPOBQU:
          :
          : SPO-256 SPEECH PROCESSOR ALLOPHONE EQUATES
          :
0000      : PA1      EQU      0H              ; 10 MSEC PAUSE
0001      : PA2      EQU      1H              ; 30 MSEC
0002      : PA3      EQU      2H              ; 50 MSEC
0003      : PA4      EQU      3H              ; 100 MSEC
0004      : PA5      EQU      4H              ; 200 MSEC
0005      : OY      EQU      5H              ; boy
0006      : AY      EQU      6H              ; sky
0007      : EH      EQU      7H              ; End
0008      : GK3     EQU      8H              ; Comb
0009      : PP      EQU      9H              ; Pow
000A      : JH      EQU      0AH             ; dodGE
000B      : HH1     EQU      0BH             ; thiN
000C      : DH.     EQU      0CH             ; sIt
000D      : TT2     EQU      0DH             ; To
000E      : RR1     EQU      0EH             ; Rural
000F      : LX      EQU      0FH             ; suCCeed
0010      : MM      EQU      10H             ; Milk
0011      : TT1     EQU      11H             ; parT
0012      : DH1     EQU      12H             ; tHey
0013      : IY      EQU      13H             ; sEE
0014      : SY      EQU      14H             ; bEIGE
0015      : DD1     EQU      15H             ; couLD
0016      : UW1     EQU      16H             ; tO
0017      : XO      EQU      17H             ; ouGht
0018      : AA      EQU      18H             ; hOt
0019      : YY2     EQU      19H             ; Yes
001A      : AE      EQU      1AH             ; hAt
001B      : HU1     EQU      1BH             ; He
001C      : BB1     EQU      1CH             ; Business
001D      : TH      EQU      1DH             ; THin
001E      : UH      EQU      1EH             ; bOOk
001F      : UW2     EQU      1FH             ; fOod
0020      : AV      EQU      20H             ; OuT
0021      : DD2     EQU      21H             ; Do
0022      : GG3     EQU      22H             ; wiG
0023      : VV      EQU      23H             ; Vest
0024      : GG1     EQU      24H             ; Got
0025      : SH      EQU      25H             ; SHip
0026      : ZH      EQU      26H             ; aZUre
0027      : RR2     EQU      27H             ; bRain
0028      : FF      EQU      28H             ; Food
0029      : GK2     EQU      29H             ; sKy
002A      : KK1     EQU      2AH             ; Can't
002B      : ZZ      EQU      2BH             ; Zoo

```


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MAIN MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```

;      2      ALD      ; LOW = PULSE LOADS ALLOPHONE ADDRESS TO SPO
;      3      SET      ; HIGH = SETS FLIP-FLOP
;      4      VDD      ; HIGH = TURNS OFF THE SPO
;
;      INPUTS IN P2
;
;      5      BATT      ; LOW = LOW BATTERY
;
;      OUTPUTS FROM P2
;
;      4      RESET    ; LOW = LOW PULSE RESETS SPO
;
00C0      ALLMSK EQU      11000000B.
;
;
005A      CODSTRT      EQU      S
;
;      CODE STARTS HERE
;
0000      ORG      0
;
0000      RESET:
0000 8400      JMP      INIT
;
;
0003      ORG      3H
;
0003      INTR:      ; EXTERNAL INTERRUPT SERVICE
0003 D5      SEL      RB1
0004 040E      JMP      INTSVC
;
;
0007      ORG      7H
;
0007      TIMER:      ; TIMER INTERRUPT SERVICE
0007 D5      SEL      RB1
0008 AA      MOV      AEX,A      ; ACCUMULATOR ON 'STACK'
;
;
0009 FC      MOV      A,TREG
000A 62      MOV      T,A
000B FB      MOV      A,JREG
000C B3      JNPP      @A
;
000D 1B      JREALT: DB      RCLK
;
;

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

;
;
000E      DITSVC:
000E AA      MOV     AEX,A
;
;      ACKNOWLEDGE DITSR
;
000F 8908      ORL     P1,#DITAK
0011 99F7      MVL     P1,#NOT DITAK
;
;
0013 8833      MOV     R0,#VANECTR
0015 9495      CALL    DBLINK
;
;
0017      GLITCH:
0017 FA      MOV     A,AEX
0018 8618      JMI     S
001A 93      RETR
;
;-----
;
;      REAL TIME CLOCK:
;
;
001B      RCLK:
001B 9418      CALL    KBSCAN
;
;
001D 0425      JMP     TM1SEC
;
;
001F 8B0D      RTRET:  MOV     JREG,#JREALT
0021 8C3D      MOV     TREG,#TEN1SEC
0023 FA      MOV     A,AEX      ; POP A
0024 93      RETR
;
0025      TM1SEC:
0025 B844      MOV     R0,#HSEC10
0027 10      INC     @R0
0028 F0      MOV     A,@R0
0029 D332      XRL     A,#50
002B C62F      JZ      HUM1SEC
002D 041F      JMP     RTRET
;
;
002F      HUM1SEC:
002F B844      MOV     R0,#HSEC10
0031 B000      MOV     @R0,#0
;
;
;      GET VANE INTERRUPT COUNT
;
;
0033 8233      MOV     R0,#VANECTR
0035 B935      MOV     R1,#VANECTR
0037 94D8      CALL    DBLINK
;
;      REZERO COUNTER

```


37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

0039 3000      MOV     @R0, #0
003B 13        INC     R0
003C B000      MOV     @R0, #0
;
;      SET FLAG
;
003E B320      MOV     R0, #CTLFLG
0040 F9        MOV     A, @R0
0041 4301      ORL     A, #VCHTCPL
0043 A0        MOV     @R0, A
;
;
0044 B845      MOV     R0, #MSEC100
0046 10        INC     @R0
0047 F0        MOV     A, @R0
0048 D102      XRL     A, #2
004A C54E      JZ      RTSEC
004C
004C 041F      JMP     RTRET
004E      RTSEC:
;
004E B845      MOV     R0, #MSEC100
0050 B000      MOV     @R0, #0
0052 B841      MOV     R0, #RTCLSC
0054 10        INC     @R0
0055 F0        MOV     A, @R0
0056 D305      XRL     A, #5
0058 961F      JNZ     RTRET
;
005A B000      MOV     @R0, #0
;
005C B820      MOV     R0, #CTLFLG
005E F0        MOV     A, @R0
005F 4304      ORL     A, #SPKFLG
0061 A0        MOV     @R0, A
0062      RTSEC1:
0062 97        CLR     C
0063 B840      MOV     R0, #RTCLSSC
0065 10        INC     @R0
0066 F0        MOV     A, @R0
0067 D30C      XRL     A, #12
0069 C560      JZ      RTMIN
006B 041F      JMP     RTRET
;
006D B000      RTMIN: MOV     @R0, #0
006F B33F      MOV     R0, #RTCLAN
0071 10        INC     @R0
0072 F0        MOV     A, @R0
0073 97        CLR     C

```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```

0074 F0      MOV     A,SR0
0075 03C4     ADD     A,#-60
0077 F67B     JC      RTROLL

;
;
0079 041F     RCKI:   JMP     RTRET
007B B000     RTROLL: MOV     @R0,#0
007D 041F     JMP     RTRET

;
;
; _____
;                      ; LOAD CALCULATION RESULT INTO @R0 LOCATION
; _____
; KEYBOARD COMMAND HANDLER
;
;     ENTER WITH KEYPRESSED IN KBENTR
;
;     EXIT THROUGH APPROPRIATE ROUTINE
;
007F     KBCHD:
;
;     COMMAND EXECUTED YET?
;
007F 8820     MOV     R0,#CTLFLG
0081 F0      MOV     A,SR0
0082 F285     JB7     DCKBCI1
0084 93      RET
0085     DCKBCI1:
0085 8855     MOV     R0,#KBENTR
0087 232B     MOV     A,#LOW KEYTAB
0089 60      ADD     A,SR0
008A B3      JMP     @A

;
;
008B     KEYTAB:
008B 8D      DB      SJMP
008C AD      DB      EJMP

;
;
008D     SJMP:
008D B493     CALL    CLRKB
008F B850     MOV     R0,#RESTRT
0091 B001     MOV     @R0,#1
0093 233D     MOV     A,#ITEM1SEC
0095 62      MOV     T,A
0096 25      EN      TCHIT
0097 55      STRT    T

;
;
0098 99EF     MVL     P1,#SPOON      ; TURNS ON SPO
009A 9AEF     MVL     P2,#SPOON      ; RESETS SPO
009C 3A10     CRL     P2,#NOT SPOON

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```

009E B857      MOV     R0,#RDREG
00A0 B808      MOV     @R0,#LOW SETCO
00A2 D495      CALL    WORDSEND
00A4           JMP     ; LOOP TURNS OFF SPO
00A4 09        EI       A,P1
00A5 32A9      JBI      CKSBY
00A7 04A4      JIP      SJMPL
00A9           CKSBY:
00A9 8910      CRL      P1,#NOT SPOCN
00AB A49A      JIP      START
00AD           JMP:
00AD 65        STOP     TCNT
00AE 35        DIS      TCNTI
00AF 3493      CALL     CLKBKF
00B1 B850      MOV     R0,#RESTRT
00B3 F0        MOV     A,@R0
00B4 D301      XRL      A,#1
00B6 C6B9      JZ       STRCHK
00B8 33        RET
00B9           STRCHK:
00B9 99EF      MVL      P1,#SPOCN      ; TURNS ON SPO
00BB 9AEF      MVL      P2,#SPOCN      ; RESETS SPO
00BD B805      MOV     R0,#COUNT
00BF B001      MOV     @R0,#1
00C1 94D1      CALL     DELAY
00C3 8A10      CRL      P2,#NOT SPOCN
00C5 C400      JIP      END

;-----
0100           ORG      100H
;-----
0100           AVGSPD:
0100 B835      MOV     R0,#VAIBCNT
0102 9456      CALL     DBLSHF
0104 E609      JNC      DBLSHF2
0106 0301      ADD     A,#1
0108 A0        MOV     @R0,A
0109           DBLSHF2:
0109 9456      CALL     DBLSHF
010B E610      JNC      SPDH
010D 0301      ADD     A,#1
010F 97        CLR      C
0110           SPDH:
0110 B837      MOV     R0,#SPD
0112 A0        MOV     @R0,A

;
;           FINDS THE MAXIMUM SPEED
;           JUMPS OUT IF SPEED = 0
;
0113 D300      XRL      A,#0
0115 C628      JZ       SPDH0
0117 B837      MOV     R0,#SPD

```

37004 SKI SPEEDMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

0119 F0      MOV     A, @R0
011A B83E    MOV     R0, #MAXSPD
011C 37      CPL     A
011D 0301    ADD     A, #1
011F 60      ADD     A, @R0
0120 F628    JC      SPDH0
0122 B837    MOV     R0, #SPD
0124 F0      MOV     A, @R0
0125 B83E    MOV     R0, #MAXSPD
0127 A0      MOV     @R0, A
0128         SPDH0:
0128 B837    MOV     R0, #SPD
012A F0      MOV     A, @R0
012B 3487    CALL    SPKSPD1
012D         SPDH1: ;GENERAL ROUTINE TO CONVERT 'SPD' TO SPEAKABLE FORM
012D B837    MOV     R0, #SPD
012F F0      MOV     A, @R0
0130 03EC    ADD     A, #-20
0132 E658    JNC     AVGSPD1
0134         SPDH2:
0134 B837    MOV     R0, #SPD
0136 F0      MOV     A, @R0
0137 B830    MOV     R0, #BINIBUF
0139 A0      MOV     @R0, A
013A 9460    CALL    BIRECD
013C B825    MOV     R0, #BCDBUF
013E F0      MOV     A, @R0
013F 53F0    ANL     A, #HIMASK
0141 47      SWAP    A
0142 B837    MOV     R0, #SPD
0144 A0      MOV     @R0, A
0145 2395    MOV     A, #LOW SPDTAB
0147 0312    ADD     A, #18
0149 347D    CALL    SPKSPD
014B B825    MOV     R0, #BCDBUF
014D F0      MOV     A, @R0
014E 530F    ANL     A, #LOMASK
0150 B837    MOV     R0, #SPD
0152 A0      MOV     @R0, A
0153 D300    XRL     A, #0
0155 9658    JNZ     AVGSPD1
0157 83      RET

;
0158         AVGSPD1:
0158 2395    MOV     A, #LOW SPDTAB
015A 347D    CALL    SPKSPD
015C 83      RET

```

MAKE SOFTWARE DELAY OF 10 - 140 MSEC

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
HARD MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

0150      ALLODEL7:
015D 536F      ANL      A,#0FH
015F AD      MOV      COUNT,A
0160      LOOP1:
0160 BC7F      MOV      TMP2,#0FFH
0162 00      LOOP2: NOP
0163 00      NOP
0164 00      NOP
0165 00      NOP
0166 00      NOP
0167 00      NOP
0168 00      NOP
0169 00      NOP
016A 00      NOP
016B 00      NOP
016C 00      NOP
016D 00      NOP
016E 00      NOP
016F 00      NOP
0170 00      NOP
0171 00      NOP
0172 00      NOP
0173 00      NOP
0174 00      NOP
0175 00      NOP
0176 00      NOP
0177 00      NOP
0178 EC62      DJNZ     TMP2,LOOP2
017A ED60      DJNZ     COUNT,LOOP1
017C 83      RET

```

ROUTINE SPEAKS THE SPEED SENT BY AVGSPEED

ENTRY:

SPEED IS IN 'SPD'; ADDRESS OF APPROPRIATE LOOKUP TABLE IN A

EXIT : NONE

```

017D      SPKSPD:
017D B837      MOV      R0,#SPD
017F 60      ADD      A,R0
0180 AD      MOVP     A,QA
0181 B856      MOV      R0,#NUMREG
0183 A0      MOV      @R0,A
0184 D4EC      CALL     NUMSEND
0186 83      RET
0187      SPKSPD1:
0187 3839      MOV      R0,#SPDGUM
0189 B937      MOV      R1,#SPD

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

0189 840E	CALL	ISLADD
018D C3	DEC	R0
018E C9	DEC	R1
018F 8400	CALL	LDBAK
0191 883B	MOV	R0, #SUMCNT
0193 10	INC	R0
0194 33	RET	

0195	; SPTAB:	
0195 00	ZEROJ: DB	LOW ZERO
0196 05	ONEJ: DB	LOW ONE
0197 0D	TWOJ: DB	LOW TWO
0198 11	THREEJ: DB	LOW THREE
0199 18	FOURJ: DB	LOW FOUR
019A 1D	FIVEJ: DB	LOW FIVE
019B 23	SIXJ: DB	LOW SIX
019C 2C	SEVENJ: DB	LOW SEVEN
019D 34	EIGHTJ: DB	LOW EIGHT
019E 39	NINEJ: DB	LOW NINE
019F 3E	TENJ: DB	LOW TEN
01A0 44	ELEVENJ: DB	LOW ELEVEN
01A1 4D	TWELVEJ: DB	LOW TWELVE
01A2 56	THIRTYJ: DB	LOW THIRTY
01A3 60	FOURTYJ: DB	LOW FORTY
01A4 69	FIFTYJ: DB	LOW FIFTY
01A5 73	SIXTYJ: DB	LOW SIXTY
01A6 80	SEVENTYJ: DB	LOW SEVENTY
01A7 8C	EIGHTYJ: DB	LOW EIGHTY
01A8 94	NINETYJ: DB	LOW NINETY
01A9 9E	TWENTYJ: DB	LOW TWENTY
01AA A8	THIRTYJ: DB	LOW THIRTY
01AB AF	FOURTYJ: DB	LOW FORTY
01AC B6	FIFTYJ: DB	LOW FIFTY
01AD BE	SIXTYJ: DB	LOW SIXTY
01AE C8	SEVENTYJ: DB	LOW SEVENTY
01AF D2	EIGHTYJ: DB	LOW EIGHTY
01B0 D8	NINETYJ: DB	LOW NINETY

01B0	NUMTOP	EQU	S-1
------	--------	-----	-----

0200		CRG	200H
------	--	-----	------

0200	; DISSPK:	
0200 8848	MOV	R0, #MILE
0202 F0	MOV	A, R0
0203 8837	MOV	R0, #SPD
0205 A0	MOV	R0, A
0206 342D	CALL	SPDHL
0208 8857	MOV	R0, #RDREG
020A B034	MOV	R0, #LCV POINT
020C D495	CALL	WCDSZMD

27004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

020E 8849      MOV     R0,#TENTH
0210 F0        MOV     A,@R0
0211 8837      MOV     R0,#SPD
0213 A0        MOV     @R0,A
0214 842D      CALL    SPDHL
0216 2857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG
0218 B02C      MOV     @R0,#LOW HILES
021A D495      CALL    WRDSEND
021C 33        RET

;
021D          SOCOND:
021D 8840      MOV     R0,#RTCLSSC ;COMPUTES THE NUMBER OF SECONDS
021F F0        MOV     A,@R0
0220 8805      MOV     R0,#COUNT
0222 A0        MOV     @R0,A
0223 27        CLR     A
0224          ADDSEC:
0224 0305      ADD     A,#5
0226 ED24      DJNZ    COUNT,ADDSEC
0228 B841      MOV     R0,#RTCLSC
022A 60        ADD     A,@R0
022B A0        MOV     @R0,A
022C 33        RET

;
; RTCLAM X SPDAVG = MILSUM; MILSUM / 60 = MILE
; REMAINDER / 6 = TENTH1; RTCLSC X SPDAVG = MILSUM
; MILSUM / 360 = TENTH2; TENTH1 + TENTH2 = TENTH
; IF TENTH > 10, MILE INC 1 AND TENTH - 10 = TENTH
;
022D          DISCAL:
022D 883F      MOV     R0,#RTCLAM
022F F0        MOV     A,@R0
0230 C667      JZ      TENTH2
0232 AD        MOV     COUNT,A
0233 893D      MOV     R1,#SPDAVG
0235 F1        MOV     A,@R1
0236 8946      MOV     R1,#DISTNC
0238 A1        MOV     @R1,A
0239 884C      MOV     R0,#MILSUM
023B          SUMSPD:
023B 840E      CALL    DBLADD
023D C8        DEC     R0
023E C9        DEC     R1
023F 8400      CALL    LDBAK
0241 ED3B      DJNZ    COUNT,SUMSPD
0243          MILEL:
0243 894E      MOV     R1,#CONST
0245 19        INC     R1
0246 B1FF      MOV     @R1,#OFFH
0248 C9        DEC     R1
0249 81C4      MOV     @R1,#OC4H

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

024B B40E	CALL	DBLADD
024D C9	DEC	R1
024E C8	DEC	R0
024F B400	CALL	LDBAK
0251 B948	MOV	R1, #HOLE
0253 11	INC	@R1
0254 F643	JC	NHLEL
0256 F1	MOV	A, @R1
0257 03FF	ADD	A, #-1
0259 A1	MOV	@R1, A
025A F0	MOV	A, @R0
025B 033C	ADD	A, #60
025D 97	CLR	C
025E	TNTH1:	
025E 03FA	ADD	A, #-6
0260 B94A	MOV	R1, #TNTH1
0262 11	INC	@R1
0263 C667	JZ	TNTH2
0265 F65E	JC	TNTH1
0267	TNTH2:	
0267 B841	MOV	R0, #RTCLSC
0269 F0	MOV	A, @R0
026A AD	MOV	COUNT, A
026B B93D	MOV	R1, #SPDAVG
026D F1	MOV	A, @R1
026E B946	MOV	R1, #DISTMC
0270 A1	MOV	@R1, A
0271 19	INC	R1
0272 B100	MOV	@R1, #0
0274 C9	DEC	R1
0275 B84C	MOV	R0, #HLSUM
0277 B000	MOV	@R0, #0
0279 18	INC	R0
027A B000	MOV	@R0, #0
027C C8	DEC	R0
027D	SUMSPD2:	
027D B40E	CALL	DBLADD
027F C8	DEC	R0
0280 C9	DEC	R1
0281 B400	CALL	LDBAK
0283 ED7D	DJNZ	COUNT, SUMSPD2
0285	TNTH2L:	
0285 B94E	MOV	R1, #CONST
0287 B198	MOV	@R1, #98H
0289 19	INC	R1
028A B1FE	MOV	@R1, #0FEH
028C C9	DEC	R1
028D B40E	CALL	DBLADD
028F C8	DEC	R0
0290 C9	DEC	R1
0291 B400	CALL	LDBAK

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
 NAME MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```
0293 B94B      MOV     R1, #TENTH2
0295 11        BXC     @R1
0296 F685      JC      TENTH2L
0298 F1        MOV     A, @R1
0299 03FF      ADD     A, # -1
029B A1        MOV     @R1, A
```

```
;
;      ROUND UP
;
```

```
029C B94E      MOV     R1, #CONST
029E B1C8      MOV     @R1, #CCSH
02A0 19        BXC     R1
02A1 B100      MOV     @R1, #0
02A3 C9        DEC     R1
02A4 B40E      CALL    DBLADD
02A6 E6AB      JNC     TENTH3
02A8 B94B      MOV     R1, #TENTH2
02AA 11        BXC     @R1
02AB          TENTH3:
02AB B94B      MOV     R1, #TENTH2
02AD F1        MOV     A, @R1
02AE B94A      MOV     R1, #TENTH1
02B0 61        ADD     A, @R1
02B1 B949      MOV     R1, #TENTH
02B3 A1        MOV     @R1, A
02B4 97        CLR     C
02B5 BD00      MOV     COUNT, #0
```

```
;
;      TENTH CY:
02B7          TENTH CY:
02B7 03F6      ADD     A, # -10
02B9 1D        BXC     COUNT
02BA F6B7      JC      TENTH CY
02BC 030A      ADD     A, #10
02BE B849      MOV     R0, #TENTH
02C0 A0        MOV     @R0, A
02C1 CD        DEC     COUNT
02C2 FD        MOV     A, COUNT
02C3 9843      MOV     R0, #HOLE
02C5 60        ADD     A, @R0
02C6 A0        MOV     @R0, A
02C7 83        RET
```

```
;
;-----
0300          CRG      JOOH
;-----
```

0300 MSGTAB:

```
;
;      WORD LOOKUP TABLES FOR SPO-256
;
```

0300 37370702 SETCO: B9 SS, SS, EH, PA3, TT2, PA4, CG1, OW, PA3, EOT

37094 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```
030A 0EF00107 READY: DB      RR1,S14,PA2,EH,EH,PA1,DD2,IY,PA5,EOT
0314 193A021A AVG:   DB      YY2,CRR,PA3,AE,VV,S14,ER1,IH,PA3,JH,PA3,EOT
0320 3702091J SPEED: DB      SS,PA3,PP,IY,PA2,DD1,PA4,WV,AX,ZZ,PA3,EOT
032C 1006002D MILES: DB      MM;AY,PA1,LL,PA1,ZZ,PA5,EOT
0334 09050802 POINT: DB      PP,OY,MM1,PA3,TT2,PA4,EOT
033B 120F013F BATT:  DB      DH1,AX,PA2,BB2,AE,PA3,TT2,ER1,IY,PA3,IH,ZZ,PA3,LL,OW,PA5,EOT
034C 193A0210 MAX:   DB      YY2,CRR,PA3,MM,AE,KK2,SS,IH,MM1,AX,MM1,PA3,EOT
0359 0D180610 TIME:  DB      TT2,AA,AY,MM1,PA3,AX,FF,PA3,RR2,AX,MM1,PA3,WV,AX,ZZ,PA3,EOT
036A 100C0B0C MINUTE: DB      MM,IH,MM1,IH,PA1,TT1,PA3,EOT
0372 100C0B0C MINUTES:DB      MM,IH,MM1,IH,PA1,TT2,ZZ,PA3,EOT
037B 37070029 SECD:  DB      SS,EH,PA1,KK2,AX,MM1,DD1,PA5,EOT
0384 37070029 SECONDS: DB    SS,EH,PA1,KK2,AX,MM1,DD1,ZZ,PA5,EOT
;
038D      MSGTOP EQU    S-1
```

0400

ORG 400H

; INITIALIZE PROGRAM — REBOOTING PROCESS

```
0400      INIT: EQU    S
;          ; CLEAR INTERNAL RAM
0400 27      CLR      A
0401 B858      MOV      R0,#RAMTOP-2
0403 B95A      MOV      R1,#RAMTOP
0405      INIT1:
0405 A1      MOV      @R1,A
0406 C9      DEC      R1
0407 E805      DJNZ     R0,INIT1
;
0409 D5      RTINIT: SEL    RB1
040A B80D      MOV      JREG,#JREALT
040C BC3D      MOV      TREG,#TEN1SEC
040E C5      SEL      RB0
;
040F 99F7      ANL      P1,#NOT INTAK ; ENABLE FLIP-FLOP
0411 05      EN      I ; OFF WE GO
;
0412 75      ENTO     CLK
;
0413 99EF      ANL      P1,#SPOON ; TURNS ON SPO
0415 9AEF      ANL      P2,#SPOON ; RESETS SPO
0417 B805      MOV      R0,#COUNT
0419 B001      MOV      @R0,#1
041B 94D1      CALL     DELAY
041D 8A10      CRL      P2,#NOT SPOON
;
041F 0A      IN      A,P2 ; CHECK BATTERIES
0420 B228      JB      BATTCK
0422 B357      MOV      R0,#WRDREG
```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

0424 B03B      MOV     @R0, #LOW BATT
0426 D495      CALL    WORDSEND
0428           BATTOK:
0428 B857      MOV     R0, #WRDREG
042A B00A      MOV     @R0, #LOW READY
042C D495      CALL    WORDSEND
042E           INTTL:
042E 09        IN      A, P1
042F 3233      JB1     SBYOK
0431 842E      JMP     INTTL
0433           SBYOK:
0433 8910      ORL     P1, #NOT SPOON
0435 8437      JMP     MONITOR

```

; LOOP TURNS OFF SPO

```

;
;
;
;
; MONITOR LOOP
0437           MONITOR:
0437 D5        SEL     RB1
0438 B418      CALL    KBSCAN
043A C5        SEL     RB0
043B 147F      CALL    KBCHD
043D 8437      JMP     MONITOR

```

; SEND ONE ALLOPHONE TO SPO256

```

;
;
;
;
; SPOSEND:
043F AA      MOV     AEX, A
0440           ALLNCK:
0440 09        IN      A, P1
0441 37        CPL     A
0442 1246      JB0     ALLOK
0444 8440      JMP     ALLNCK
0446           ALLOK:
0446 B858      MOV     R0, #ALLBUF
0448 F0        MOV     A, @R0
0449 53C0      ANL     A, #ALLMSK
044B 4A        ORL     A, AEX
044C A0        MOV     @R0, A
044D 90        MOVX    @R0, A
044E 99FB      ANL     P1, #ALD
0450 8904      ORL     P1, #NOT ALD

```

```

;
;
;
;
; ALLNCK1:
0452           IN      A, P1
0452 09        JB0     ALLNCK1
0453 1252      ALLOK1:
0455           RET

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

;
; ; TAKES REGISTER PAIR @R0 AND SHIFTS RIGHT 1
; ; IF BIT 0 = 1 RETURNS WITH CARRY SET
;
0456 DBLSHF:
0456 97 CLR C
0457 18 INC R0
0458 F0 MOV A,@R0
0459 67 RRC A
045A A0 MOV @R0,A
045B C8 DEC R0
045C F0 MOV A,@R0
045D 67 RRC A
045E A0 MOV @R0,A
045F 83 RET

```

```

;
; ; BINBUF TO PACKED BCD TO BCDBUF
;
; PUTS SPEED IN BCDBUF. TENS DIGIT IN THE HIGH NIBBLE,
; UNITS DIGIT IN THE LOW NIBBLE.
;

```

```

0460 BIN:BCD:
0460 BA00 MOV AEX,#0
0462 DIGC11:
0462 B821 MOV R0,#MSCREG
0464 B0F6 MOV @R0,#-10

```

```

;
; CHECK FOR SPEEDS OVER 99
;

```

```

0466 B830 MOV R0,#BINBUF
0468 239D MOV A,#-99
046A 97 CLR C
046B 60 ADD A,@R0
046C E670 JNC DIGC14
046E B063 MOV @R0,#99
0470

```

```

0470 DIGC14:
0470 B830 MOV R0,#BINBUF
0472 B921 MOV R1,#MSCREG
0474 97 CLR C
0475 F0 MOV A,@R0
0476 61 ADD A,@R1
0477 A0 MOV @R0,A

```

```

;
; ; SUM INTO TER12
;
0478 E67D JNC GET1
047A 1A INC AEX

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```
047B 3470      JHP    DIGIT4
;
047D          GET1:
047D 930A      ADD     A,#10
047F 47        SWAP    A
0480 4A        ORL     A,AEX
0481 47        SWAP    A
0482 3825      MOV     R0,#BCDBUF
0484 20        MOV     @R0,A
0485 83        RET
```

```
; PACKED BCD TO 4 BYTE ASCII
```

```
0486          CLRINUM:
0486 F0        MOV     A,@R0
0487 53F0      ANL     A,#HIGHASK
0489 47        SWAP    A
048A 0330      ADD     A,#30H
048C A1        MOV     @R1,A
048D 19        INC     R1
048E F0        MOV     A,@R0
048F 530F      ANL     A,#LOWASK
0491 0330      ADD     A,#30H
0493 A1        MOV     @R1,A
0494 83        RET
```

```
; TAKES REGISTER PAIR @R0 AND SHIFTS LEFT 1
; RESTORES R0
```

```
0495          DBLINC:
0495 97        CLR     C          ; INCREMENT DOUBLE BYTE AT R0
0496 F0        MOV     A,@R0
0497 0301      ADD     A,#1
0499 20        MOV     @R0,A
049A 18        INC     R0
049B F0        MOV     A,@R0
049C 1300      ADDC    A,#0
049E 20        MOV     @R0,A
049F C3        DEC     R0
04A0 83        RET
```

```
; BINHEX CONVERTS BYTE POINTED TO BY R0 INTO TWO HEX
; ASCII CHARACTERS IN HEXBUF LS CHAR FIRST
```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

;
;
; EXIT: R0, R1, AND CONTENTS OF R0 ARE UNAFFECTED
;
BINHEX:
04A1 B931      MOV     R1, #HEXBUF
04A3 F0        MOV     A, @R0
04A4 530F      ANL     A, #LOWMASK
04A6 03B5      ADD     A, #LOW HEXTAB
04A8 A3        MOVP    A, @A
04A9 A1        MOV     @R1, A
04AA 19        INC     R1
04AB F0        MOV     A, @R0
04AC 47        SWAP    A
04AD 530F      ANL     A, #LOWMASK
04AF 03B5      ADD     A, #LOW HEXTAB
04B1 A3        MOVP    A, @A
04B2 A1        MOV     @R1, A
04B3 C9        DEC     R1
04B4 83        RET

04B5 30313233 HEXTAB:      DB      '0123456789ABCDEF'
;
;
; *****
;
;
; DECREMENT DOUBLE BYTE @R0
;
DBLDEC:
04C5 B922      MOV     R1, #MSCREG+1
04C7 B1FF      MOV     @R1, #0FFH
04C9 C9        DEC     R1
04CA B1FF      MOV     @R1, #-1
04CC B40F      CALL    DBLADD1
04CE B400      CALL    LDBAK
04D0 83        RET

;
;
; DELAY 9.8 MSEC X 'COUNT'
; ENTER WITH 'COUNT' SET TO NUMBER OF LOOPS:
;
04D1 BE7F      DELAY:   MOV     LOOP, #7FH
04D3 EED3      DEL1:    DJNZ    LOOP, DEL1
04D5 EDD1      DJNZ    COUNT, DELAY
04D7 83        RET

;
; MOVE @R0 TO @R1 ; 2 BYTES
;
;
DBLMOV:
04D8 F0        MOV     A, @R0
04D9 A1        MOV     @R1, A
04DA 18        INC     R0

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```
04DB 19      INC      R1
04DC F0      MOV      A, @R0
04DD A1      MOV      @R1, A
04DE C3      DEC      R0
04DF C9      DEC      R1
04E0 83      RET
```

NEGATES (CPL+1) DBL BYTE @R0

```
04E1 F0      DBLNEG: MOV      A, @R0
04E2 97      CLR      C
04E3 37      CPL      A
04E4 0301     ADD      A, #1
04E6 A0      MOV      @R0, A
04E7 18      INC      R0
04E8 F0      MOV      A, @R0
04E9 37      CPL      A
04EA 1300     ADDC     A, #0
04EC A0      MOV      @R0, A
04ED C8      DEC      R0
04EE 83      RET
```

0500 ORG 500H

```
0500 FA      LDBAK:  MOV      A, AEX ; STORE DBLADD/DBLSUB ANSWER AT R0
0501 A0      MOV      @R0, A
0502 18      INC      R0
0503 FF      MOV      A, SAVE
0504 A0      MOV      @R0, A
0505 C8      DEC      R0
0506 83      RET
```

```
0507 FA      LDBAK1: MOV      A, AEX ; STORE DBLADD/DBLSUB ANSWER AT R1
0508 A1      MOV      @R1, A
0509 19      INC      R1
050A FF      MOV      A, SAVE
050B A1      MOV      @R1, A
050C C9      DEC      R1
050D 83      RET
```

TWO BYTE ADD

ENTRY R0 POINTS LS BYTE OF TERM1, R1 LS BYTE TERM2

EXIT AEX = LS BYTE OF SUM, SAVE = HS BYTE, CARRY SET IF OVERFLOW

```
050E 97      DBLADD: CLR      C
050F          DBLADD1:
050F F0      MOV      A, @R0
0510 61      ADD      A, @R1
0511 AA      MOV      AEX, A
```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```

0512 13          INC      R0
0513 19          INC      R1
0514 F0          MOV      A,@R0
0515 71          ADDC     A,@R1
0516 AF          MOV      SAVE,A
0517 8J          DBLRET: RET
;

;-----
000F          COLSET EQU 00001111B ; ZEROES COL LINES
00C0          KBDROW EQU 11000000B
0003          CTRMASK EQU 00000011B ; SNAPS OUT COUNTER BITS
;
;-----
0518          KBSCAN:
;
;          CHECK FOR FLAG = KEYBOARD SUCCESSFULLY READ
;
0518 761C        KBUPCK: JF1      CHKFLG
051A A467        JMP          ISKEYUP
051C B820        CHKFLG: MOV      R0,#CTLFLG
051E F0          MOV      A,@R0
051F F266        JB7         KBRET
0521          KYUP:
;
;          WRITE ZEROES TO COLUMNS
;
0521          KEYPRS?:
;
;          READ ROWS FOR ONE (OR MORE) ZEROES
;
0521 09          IN         A,P1
0522 53C0        ANL        A,#KBDROW
0524 D3C0        XRL        A,#KBDROW
;
;          KBROW = 11000000B ?
;
0526 C666        JZ         KBRET ; NO KEY PRESSED
;
;          IF KEY PRESSED
;
0528 09          IN         A,P1
0529 53C0        ANL        A,#KBDROW
052B AE          MOV      LOOP,A
;
052C B953        MOV      R1,#KBCTR
;
052E F1          MOV      A,@R1 ; GET COUNTER
052F 5303        ANL        A,#CTRMASK
;
0531 C68C        JZ         FIRPAS ; FIRST TIME THROUGH

```


87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

; OTHERWISE:
0533 09 PASS: IN A,P1
0534 53C0 ANL A,#KBOROW
0536 B954 MOV R1,#ROW
0538 D1 XRL A,R1 ; COMPARE TO LAST PASS
0539 9660 JNZ PASSING ; COPS, BAD READ
053B B953 MOV R1,#KBCTR
053D 11 INC R1 ; GOOD PASS, THEREFORE BUMP COUNTER

;
; IS IT A READ ?
;
053E F1 READCK: MOV A,R1 ; GET COUNTER
053F 5303 ANL A,#CTRMASK

;
; XRL A,R2 ; THREE PASSES?
0541 D302 JNZ KBRET
0543 9666

;
; YES:
;
0545 KBGET:

;
;
0545 B320 MOV R0,#CTLELG
0547 F0 MOV A,R0
0548 4380 ORL A,#KBCHFL
054A A0 MOV R0,A

;
; CLR F1
054B A5 IN A,P1
054C 09 ANL A,#KBOROW
054D 53C0 SWAP A
054F 47 RR A
0550 77 RR A
0551 77 CLR C
0552 97 MOV R0,#KBCTR
0553 B355 RRC A
0555 67 JC HEXKEY
0556 F65C MOV R0,#0 ; 0 = 'START', 1 = 'END'
0558 B000 JNP KBRET
055A A466
055C HEXKEY:
055C B001 MOV R0,#1
055E A466 JNP KBRET

;
; PASSING:
0560 CTRRES RESETS COUNTER TO ZERO

;
;
0560 B953 MOV R1,#KBCTR
0562 F1 MOV A,R1
0563 53FC ANL A,#NOT CTRMASK
0565 A1 MOV R1,A

```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

;      EXIT POINT FROM KBSCAN
;
0566 83      KBRET:  RET      ; COMMON KBSCAN EXIT
;
;      KEYUPLocks FOR THREE PASSES OF 'NO KEY PRESSED'
;
;      ENTRY: NONE
;
;      EXIT: FLAG IS RESET AFTER THREE CONSECUTIVE PASSES OF 'NO KEY'
;
;
0567      ISKEYUP:
0567 09      IN      A,P1
0568 53C0     ANL     A,#KBDRW
056A D3C0     XRL     A,#KBDRW
056C C676     JZ      KEYUP
;
056E      KYUPEND:
;      CTRRES  RESETS COUNTER TO ZERO
;
056E B953     MOV     R1,#KBCTR
0570 F1      MOV     A,@R1
0571 53FC     ANL     A,#NOT CTRMASK
0573 A1      MOV     @R1,A
0574 A466     JMP     KBRET
0576 B953     KEYUP:  MOV     R1,#KBCTR
0578 F1      MOV     A,@R1
0579 5303     ANL     A,#CTRIMASK
057B D302     XRL     A,#2      ; THREE KEYUPPASSES?
057D C682     JZ      KYUPAC    ; YES RESET FLAG
057F 11      INC     @R1      ; NO, BUMP COUNTER
0580 A466     JMP     KBRET
0582      KYUPAC:
;      FLGRES SETS FLAG BIT 0
;
0582 B953     MOV     R1,#KBCTR
0584 F1      MOV     A,@R1
0585 53FC     ANL     A,#NOT CTRIMASK
0587 A1      MOV     @R1,A
;
0588 A5      CLR     F1
0589 B5      CPL     F1
;
058A A466     JMP     KBRET
;
;      FOR FIRST PASS, DON'T COMPARE TO 'RCW'
;
058C FE      FIRPAS:  MOV     A,LOOP ; GET ROW READ
058D B854     MOV     RO,#RCW

```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```
058F A0      MOV     @R0,A    ; SAVE IT IN 'ROW'
0590 11      INC     @R1      ; BUMP PASS COUNTER
0591 A466    JMP     KBRET
```

SUBROUTINES; KBSCAN

CLEAR 'EXECUTE COMMAND' FLAG

```
0593 B320    CLRKB: MOV     R0,#CTLFLG
0595 F0      MOV     A,@R0
0596 537F    ANL     A,#NOT KBCTL
0598 A0      MOV     @R0,A
0599 83      RET
```

```
059A          START:                                ; RESETS TO ZERO SPDSUM,SUMCNT,SPDAVG,ETC.
059A B805    MOV     R0,#COUNT
059C B017    MOV     @R0,#23
059E B237    MOV     R0,#SPD
05A0          START1:
05A0 B0C0    MOV     @R0,#0
05A2 18      INC     R0
05A3 EDA0    DJNZ    COUNT,START1
```

```
05A5          START2:                                ; LOOP CHECKS IF 5 SECOND FLAG SET
05A5 B955    MOV     R0,#KBENTR
05A7 F0      MOV     A,@R0
05A8 D301    XRL     A,#1
05AA C6CD    JZ      STRTEND
```

```
05AC B820    MOV     R0,#CTLFLG
05AE F0      MOV     A,@R0
05AF 37      CPL     A
05B0 52A5    JB2     START2
05B2 37      CPL     A
05B3 53FB    ANL     A,#NOT SPKFLG
05B5 A0      MOV     @R0,A
```

```
05B6 99EF    ANL     P1,#SPOON      ; TURNS ON SPO
05B8 9AEF    ANL     P2,#SPOON      ; RESETS SPO
05BA B805    MOV     R0,#COUNT
05BC B001    MOV     @R0,#1
05BE 94D1    CALL    DELAY
05C0 8A10    CRL     P2,#NOT SPOON
05C2 3400    CALL    AVGSPO
```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/37

```

05C4          STARTL:                ; LOOP TURNS OFF SPD
05C4 09        IN      A,P1
05C5 32C9      JB1     SBYCKS
05C7 A4C4      JMP     STARTL
05C9          SBYCKS:
05C9 8910      ORL     P1,#NOT SPOON
05CB A4A5      JMP     START2
;
;          ROUTINE DIVIDES SPD SUM BY SUMCNT. RESULTS ARE
;          STORED IN SPDAVG AND SPD.
;
05CD          STRTEND:
05CD B83B      MOV     R0,#SUMCNT
05CF 94E1      CALL    DBLNEG
05D1 B939      MOV     R1,#SPDSUM
05D3          STENDL:
05D3 B40E      CALL    DBLADD
05D5 C8        DEC     R0
05D6 C9        DEC     R1
05D7 B93D      MOV     R1,#SPDAVG
05D9 11        INC     @R1
05DA B939      MOV     R1,#SPDSUM
05DC B407      CALL    LDBAK1
05DE F6D3      JC      STENDL
05E0 B83D      MOV     R0,#SPDAVG
05E2 F0        MOV     A,@R0
05E3 03FF      ADD     A,#-1
05E5 A0        MOV     @R0,A
;          THIS SECTION ROUNDS UP SPDAVG
05E6 B83B      MOV     R0,#SUMCNT
05E8 94E1      CALL    DBLNEG
05EA 9456      CALL    DBLSHF
05EC B40E      CALL    DBLADD
05EE E6F3      JNC     SCND1
05F0 B83D      MOV     R0,#SPDAVG
05F2 10        INC     @R0
05F3          SCND1:
05F3 541D      CALL    SCND
05F5 542D      CALL    DISCAL
;
05F7 83        RET
;
0600          ORG      600H
;
0600          END:
0600 B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG ; AVERAGE SPEED ANNOUNCE
0602 B014      MOV     @R0,#LOW AVG
0604 D495      CALL    WORDSEND
0606 B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG
0608 B020      MOV     @R0,#LOW SPEED
060A D495      CALL    WORDSEND

```

87004 SKI SPEEDMETER
MAIN MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

060C B83D      MOV     R0,#SPDAVG
060E F0        MOV     A,@R0
060F B837      MOV     R0,#SPD
0611 A0        MOV     @R0,A
0612 342D      CALL    SPDHL

;
0614 94D1      CALL    DELAY

;
0616 B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG      ; MAX SPEED ANNOUNCE
0618 B04C      MOV     @R0,#LOW MAX
061A D495      CALL    WORDSEND
061C B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG
061E B020      MOV     @R0,#LOW SPEED
0620 D495      CALL    WORDSEND
0622 B83E      MOV     R0,#MAXSPD
0624 F0        MOV     A,@R0
0625 B837      MOV     R0,#SPD
0627 A0        MOV     @R0,A
0628 342D      CALL    SPDHL

;
062A 94D1      CALL    DELAY

;
062C B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG      ; TIME OF RUN ANNOUNCE
062E BC59      MOV     @R0,#LOW TIME
0630 D495      CALL    WORDSEND
0632 B83F      MOV     R0,#RTCLIN
0634 F0        MOV     A,@R0
0635 C653      JZ      SECOND1
0637 B837      MOV     R0,#SPD
0639 A0        MOV     @R0,A
063A 342D      CALL    SPDHL

;
063C           MINUT:
063C B83F      MOV     R0,#RTCLIN
063E F0        MOV     A,@R0
063F 03FF      ADD     A,#-1
0641 964B      JNZ     MINUTS
0643 B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG
0645 BC6A      MOV     @R0,#LOW MINUTE
0647 D495      CALL    WORDSEND
0649 C45F      JMP     SECOND
064B           MINUTS:
064B B857      MOV     R0,#WRDREG
064D B072      MOV     @R0,#LOW MINUTES
064F D495      CALL    WORDSEND
0651 C45F      JMP     SECOND
0653           SECOND1:
0653 B841      MOV     R0,#RTCLSC
0655 F0        MOV     A,@R0
0656 965F      JNZ     SECOND
0658 B837      MOV     R0,#SPD

```

27004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE: SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

065A A0      MOV     @R0,A
065B 342D     CALL    SPDHL
065D C480     JMP     SPKDIS
065F          SECCD:
065F B841     MOV     R0,#RTCLSC
0661 F0       MOV     A,@R0
0662 C680     JZ      SPKDIS
0664 B837     MOV     R0,#SPD
0666 A0       MOV     @R0,A
0667 342D     CALL    SPDHL
0669          SEC:
0669 B841     MOV     R0,#RTCLSC
066B F0       MOV     A,@R0
066C 03FF     ADD     A,#-1
066E 9678     JNZ     SECS
0670 B857     MOV     R0,#WRDREG
0672 B07B     MOV     @R0,#LOW SECD
0674 D495     CALL    WORDSEND
0676 C480     JMP     SPKDIS
0678          SECS:
0678 B857     MOV     R0,#WRDREG
067A B084     MOV     @R0,#LOW SECONDS
067C D495     CALL    WORDSEND
;
067E 94D1     CALL    DELAY
;
0680          SPKDIS:
0680 5400     CALL    DISSPK
;
0682          BATTCHK:
0682 0A       IN      A,P2          ; CHECK BATTERIES
0683 B28D     JBS     ENDL
;
0685 94D1     CALL    DELAY
;
0687 B857     MOV     R0,#WRDREG
0689 D03B     MOV     @R0,#LOW BATT
068B D495     CALL    WORDSEND
;
068D          ENDL:          ; LOOP TURNS OFF SPO
068D 09       IN      A,P1
068E 3292     JBI     SBYCKE
0690 C48D     JMP     ENDL
0692          SBYCKE:
0692 8910     CRL     P1,#NOT SPOON
;
0694 83       RET
;
;
; SEND WORD TO SPO256
;

```

37004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

0695      WORDSEND:
0695      WORDACK:
0695 09      IN      A,P1
0696 129A      JBL      WORDCK
0698 C495      JMP      WORDACK
069A      WORDCK:
069A 8857      MOV      R0,#WRDREG
069C F0      MOV      A,0R0
069D AB      MOV      TMP1,A
069E E3      GETALL: MOVPJ A,2A
069F 53F0      ARL      A,#0F0H
06A1 D3F0      XRL      A,#0F0H
06A3 96A7      JNZ      WORDMEND
06A5 C4AF      JMP      WORDMEND
06A7      WORDMEND:
06A7 FB      MOV      A,TMP1
06A8 E3      MOVPJ A,2A
06A9 943F      CALL     SPOSEND
06AB      WRDCNT:
06AB 1B      INC      TMP1
06AC FB      MOV      A,TMP1
06AD C49E      JMP      GETALL
06AF      WORDMEND:
06AF FB      MOV      A,TMP1
06B0 E3      MOVPJ A,2A
06B1 D3FF      XRL      A,#EDT
06B3 C6BB      JZ      WORDEND
06B5 FB      MOV      A,TMP1
06B6 E3      MOVPJ A,2A
06B7 145D      CALL     ALDELY
06B9 C4AB      JMP      WRDCNT
06BB      WORDEND:
06BB 83      RET

;-----
;      SEND NUMBER TO SPO
;
06BC      NUMSEND:
06BC      NUMACK:
06BC 09      IN      A,P1
06BD 12C1      JBL      NUMCK
06BF C4BC      JMP      NUMNOK
06C1      NUMCK:
06C1 B856      MOV      R0,#NUMREG
06C3 F0      MOV      A,0R0
06C4 AB      MOV      TMP1,A
06C5      FETCH:
06C5 F4E0      CALL     MOVP7
06C7 53F0      ARL      A,#0F0H
06C9 D3F0      XRL      A,#0F0H
06CB 96C7      JNZ      NUMHEID
06CD C4D8      JMP      NUMHEID

```

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

06CF          NUMEND:
06CF FB          MOV    A,THP1
06D0 F4E0        CALL   MOV7
06D2 943F        CALL   SPOSEND
06D4          NUMCMT:
06D4 1B          INC    THP1
06D5 FB          MOV    A,THP1
06D6 C4C5        JMP    FETCH

```

```

06D8          NUMEND:
06D8 FB          MOV    A,THP1
06D9 F4E0        CALL   MOV7
06DB D3FF        XRL    A,#E0T
06DD C6E6        JZ     NUMEND
06DF FB          MOV    A,THP1
06E0 F4E0        CALL   MOV7
06E2 345D        CALL   ALDDELY
06E4 C4D4        JMP    NUMCMT
06E6          NUMEND:
06E6 83          RET

```

```

0700          ORG     0700H

```

```

0700          NUMTAB:
;
;          NUMBER LOOKUP TABLE FOR SPO-256
;

```

```

0700 2B3C3502    ZERO:   DB      ZZ,YR,OW,PA3,EOT
0705 2EFE0FF7    ONE:    DB      VW,S14,AX,S7,NN1,S7,PA5,EOT
070D 0D1F02FF    TWO:    DB      TT2,UM2,PA3,EOT
0711 1D1D27F7    THREE:  DB      TH,TH,RR2,S7,IY,PA3,EOT
0718 28283A02    FOUR:   DB      FF,FF,ORR,PA3,EOT
071D 28280623    FIVE:   DB      FF,FF,AY,VV,PA3,EOT
0723 37370C0C    SIX:    DB      SS,SS,IH,IH,PA3,KK2,SS,PA3,EOT
072C 37370723    SEVEN:  DB      SS,SS,EH,VV,IH,NN1,PA3,EOT
0734 13020D02    EIGHT:  DB      IY,PA3,TT2,PA3,EOT
0739 0B060B00    NINE:   DB      NN1,AY,NN1,PA1,EOT
073E 0D07070B    TEN:    DB      TT2,EH,EH,NN1,PA3,EOT
0744 0C2D0723    ELEVEN: DB      IH,LL,EH,VV,S5,IH,NN1,PA3,EOT
074D 0D30F73E    TWELVE: DB      TT2,VH,S7,EL,S14,VV,SS,PA3,EOT
0756 1DFAJ301    THIRT:  DB      TH,S10,ER1,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,NN1,PA3,EOT
0760 233A0102    FOURT:  DB      FF,ORR,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,NN1,PA3,EOT
0769 280C2801    FIFT:   DB      FF,IH,FF,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,NN1,PA3,EOT
0773 370C0229    SIXT:   DB      SS,IH,PA3,KK2,SS,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,PA2,NN1,PA5,EOT
0780 37072307    SEVT:   DB      SS,EH,VV,EH,NN1,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,NN1,PA3,EOT
078C 1401020D    EIGHTN: DB      EY,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,NN1,PA3,EOT
0794 0B060B01    NINT:   DB      NN1,AY,NN1,PA2,PA3,TT2,IY,NN1,PA3,EOT
079E 0D300707    TWENTY: DB      TT2,VH,EH,EH,NN1,PA3,TT2,IY,PA1,EOT
07A8 1D340211    THIRTY: DB      TH,ER2,PA3,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT
07AF 283A0211    FORTY:  DB      FF,ORR,PA3,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT

```


97004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
MAIN MODULE; SKI SPEED 6/12/87

```

07B6 290C2802 FIFTY: DB      FF,IH,FF,PAJ,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT
07BE 370C0229 SIXTY: DB      SS,IH,PAJ,SK2,SS,PAJ,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT
07C8 3707230C SEVENTY:DB     SS,SH,VV,IH,IH1,PAJ,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT
07D2 14021113 EIGHTY: DB     EY,PAJ,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT
07D3 0B060B00 NINETY: DB     IH1,AY,IH1,PA1,TT1,IY,PA1,EOT
;
07E0      HOVP7:
07E0 A3      HOVP      A,EA
07E1 83      RET

```

0000

END ;SOURCE CODE

APPENDIX B
SYMBOL TABLE

S7004 SKI SPEEDOMETER

AA	0018	DBLSHF2	0109	GLITCH	0017	MILSUM	004C	POENT	0334
ADDOSEC	0224	DD1	0015	HALT	0001	MINUT	063C	PP	0009
AE	001A	DD2	0021	HEXDUF	0031	MINUTE	036A	RANSTR	0020
AEX	R2	DEL1	04D3	HEXTAB	04B5	MINUTES	0372	RANTOP	005A
ALD	FFFB	DELAY	04D1	HH1	001B	MINUTS	064B	RCK1	0079
ALLBUF	0058	DH1	0012	HH2	0039	MH	0010	RCLK	001B
ALLCTR	0059	DH2	0036	HIGASK	00F0	MCHITCR	0437	READCK	053E
ALLDELY	0150	DIGCN1	0462	HUNHSEC	002F	NOVP7	07E0	READY	030A
ALLMSK	00C0	DIGCH4	0470	IH	000C	HSCREG	0021	RESET	0000
ALLXCK	0440	DISCAL	022D	INTT	0400	HSEC10	0044	RESTRT	0050
ALLXCK1	0452	DISSPK	0200	INTT1	0405	HSEC100	0045	RCW	0054
ALLXCK	0446	DISTRN	0046	INTTL	042E	HSGREG	002A	RR1	000E
ALLXCK1	0455	DOKBCK1	0085	INTAK	0008	HSGTAB	0300	RR2	0027
AO	0017	EH	0007	INTR	0003	HSGTOP	038D	RTCLSSC	0040
AR	003B	EIGHT	0734	INTSVC	000E	HGXKEY	055C	RTCLIT	0043
AVG	0314	EIGHTJ	019D	ISKEYUP	0567	NG	002C	RTCLIN	003F
AVGSPD	0100	EIGHTN	078C	IY	0013	NINE	0739	RTCLSC	0041
AVGSPD1	0158	EIGHTNJ	01A7	JH	000A	NINEJ	019E	RTDITT	0409
AW	0020	EIGHTY	07D2	JREALT	000D	NINETY	07D2	RTHIN	006D
AX	000F	EIGHTYJ	01AF	JREG	R3	NINETYJ	01B0	RTRET	001F
AY	0006	EJNP	00AD	KBCMD	007F	NINT	0794	RTROLL	007B
BANK	R7	EL	003E	KBCFL	0080	NINTJ	01A8	RTSEC	004E
BATT	033B	ELEVEN	0744	KBCTR	0053	NN1	000B	RTSEC1	0062
BATTCHK	0682	ELEVENJ	01A0	KBDROW	00C0	NN2	0038	S1	00F1
BATTCK	0428	END	0600	KBENTR	0055	NUMBUF1	0026	S10	00FA
BB1	001C	ENDL	068D	KBGET	0545	NUMBUF2	0027	S11	00FB
BB2	003F	END	00FF	KBRET	0566	NUMBUF3	0028	S12	00FC
BCDBUF	0025	ER1	0033	KBSCAN	0518	NUMBUF4	0029	S13	00FD
BIDBCD	0460	ER2	0034	KBUPTC	0518	NUMCNT	06D4	S14	00FE
BIDBUF	0030	EY	0014	KEYPRS	0521	NUMEND	06E6	S2	00F2
BIDHEX	04A1	FETCH	06C5	KEYTAB	008B	NUMEND	06D8	S3	00F3
CH	0032	FF	0028	KEYUP	0576	NUMEND	06CF	S4	00F4
CHKFLG	051C	FIFT	0769	KK1	002A	NUMCK	06BC	S5	00F5
CLRNUM	0486	FIFTJ	01A4	KK2	0029	NUMCK	06C1	S6	00F6
CLRKB	0593	FIFTY	07B6	KK3	0008	NUMREG	0056	S7	00F7
CODSTR	005A	FIFTYJ	01AC	KYUP	0521	NUMSEID	06BC	S8	00F8
COLSET	000F	FIRPAS	058C	KYUPAC	0582	NUMTAB	0700	S9	00F9
CONST	004E	FIVE	071D	KYUPEID	056E	NUMTOP	01E0	SAVE	R7
COUNT	R5	FIVEJ	019A	LDBAK	0500	OKSBY	00A9	SBYOK	0433
CR	000D	FORTY	07AF	LDBAK1	0507	ONE	0705	SBYCKE	0692
CTFLG	0020	FORTYJ	01AB	LL	002D	ONEJ	0196	SBYCKS	05C9
CTRASK	0003	FOUR	0718	LOBAT	0020	ORR	003A	SCOND	021D
DATAPTR	002F	FOURJ	0199	LOXASK	000F	OW	0035	SCOND1	05F3
DBLADD	050E	FOURT	0760	LOOP	R6	OY	0005	SDC	0669
DBLADD1	050F	FOURTJ	01AJ	LOOP1	0160	PA1	0000	SDID	037B
DBLDEC	04C5	GENEQU	005A	LOOP2	0162	PA2	0001	SDIDS	0384
DBLINCK	0495	GET1	047D	MAX	034C	PA3	0002	SECON	065F
DBLINOV	04D8	GETALL	069E	MAXSPD	003E	PA4	0003	SECON1	0653
DBLINEG	04E1	GG1	0024	NILE	0048	PAS	0004	SDCS	0678
DBLRET	0517	GG2	003D	NILEL	0243	PASS	0533	SETGO	0300
DBLSHF	0456	GG3	0022	NILES	032C	PASSNG	0560	SEVEN	072C

87004 SKI SPEEDOMETER
--- SYMBOL TABLE ---

SEVENJ	019C	SPDTAB	0195	TEW	019F	TWTHJ	02AB	WCFDPL	0002
SEVENTY	07C3	SPEED	0130	TEHSEC	0030	TWTHCY	02B7	WORDSEND	00AF
SEVTHJ	01AE	SPKDIS	0680	TEJTH	0049	TREG	R4	WORDSEND	00A7
SEVT	0780	SPKFLG	0004	TEJTH1	004A	TT1	0011	WORDCK	0695
SEVTJ	01A6	SPKSPD	017D	TEJTH2	004B	TT2	000D	WORDCK	069A
SH	0025	SPKSPD1	0187	TH	0010	TWELVE	074D	WORDSEND	0695
SIX	0723	SPOEQU	005A	THIRT	0756	TWELVEJ	01A1	WORDCT	06AB
SIXJ	019B	SPOON	00EF	THIRTJ	01A2	TWENTJ	01A9	WORDSG	0057
SIXT	0773	SPOSEND	043F	THIRTY	07A3	TWENTY	079E	WV	002E
SIXTJ	01A5	SS	0037	THREE	0711	TWO	070D	XR	002F
SIXTY	07BE	START	059A	THREEJ	0198	TWOJ	0197	YR	003C
SIXTYJ	01AD	START1	05A0	THRTYJ	01AA	UH	001E	YT1	0031
SJMP	008D	START2	05A5	TME	0359	UW1	0016	YT2	0019
SJNPL	00A4	STARTL	05C4	THER	0007	UW2	001F	ZERO	0700
SPD	0037	STENDL	05D3	THP1	R3	VANECTR	0035	ZEROJ	0195
SPDAVG	003D	STRCHK	00B9	THP2	R4	VANECTR	0033	ZH	0026
SPDH	0110	STRTEND	05CD	THPRSG	002B	VANHIL	0051	ZZ	002B
SPDH0	0128	SUMCNT	003B	THSEC	0025	VCHTCPL	0001		
SPDH1	012D	SUMSPD	023B	THH1	025E	VV	0023		
SPDH2	0134	SUMSPD2	027D	THH2	0267	WH	0030		
SPDSUH	0039	TEN	073E	THH2L	0285	WORDEND	06BB		

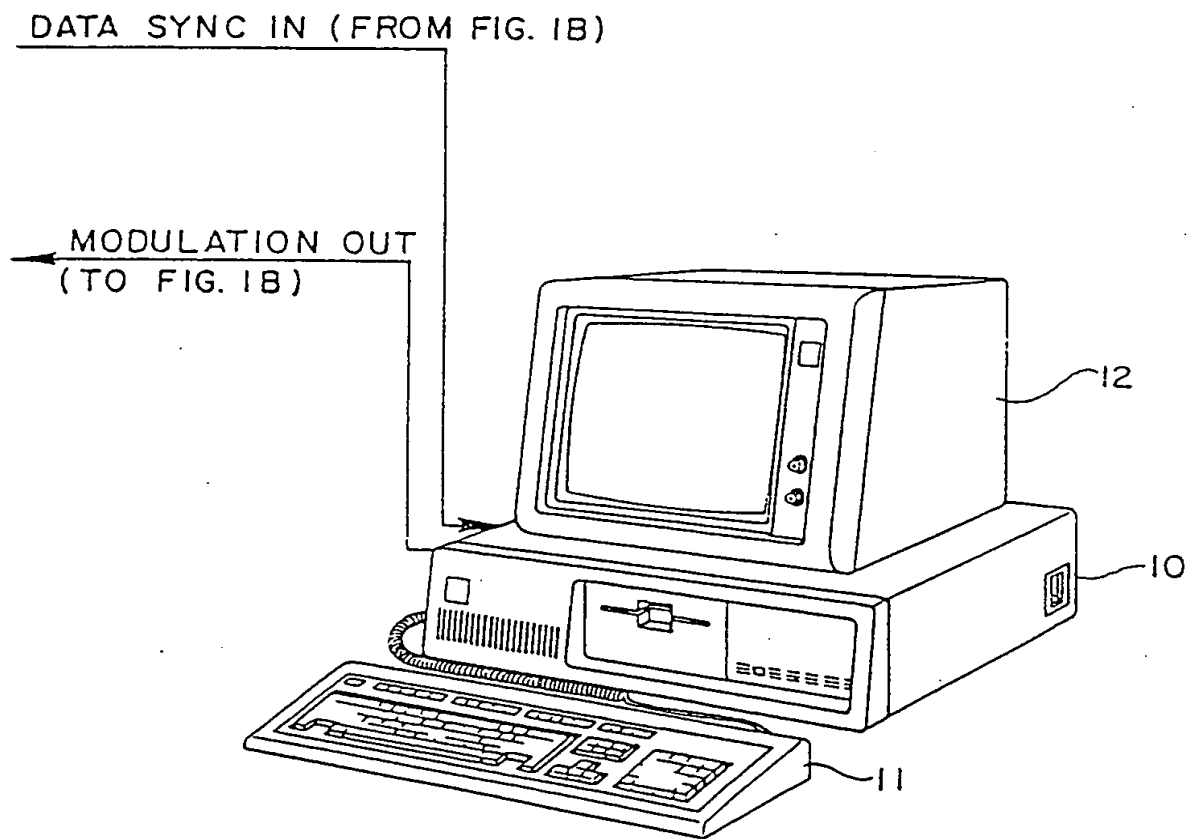


fig. 1A

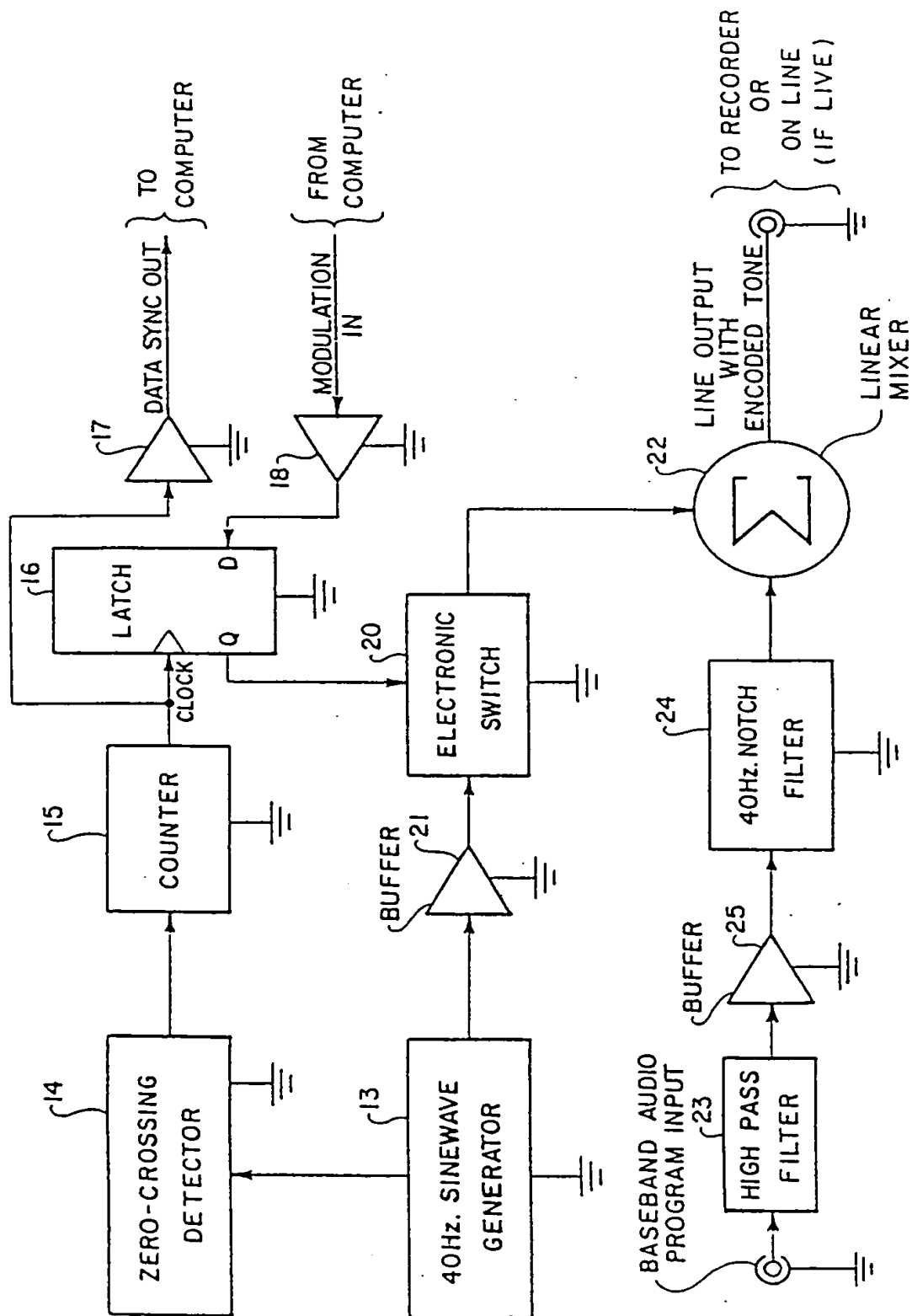


Fig. 1B

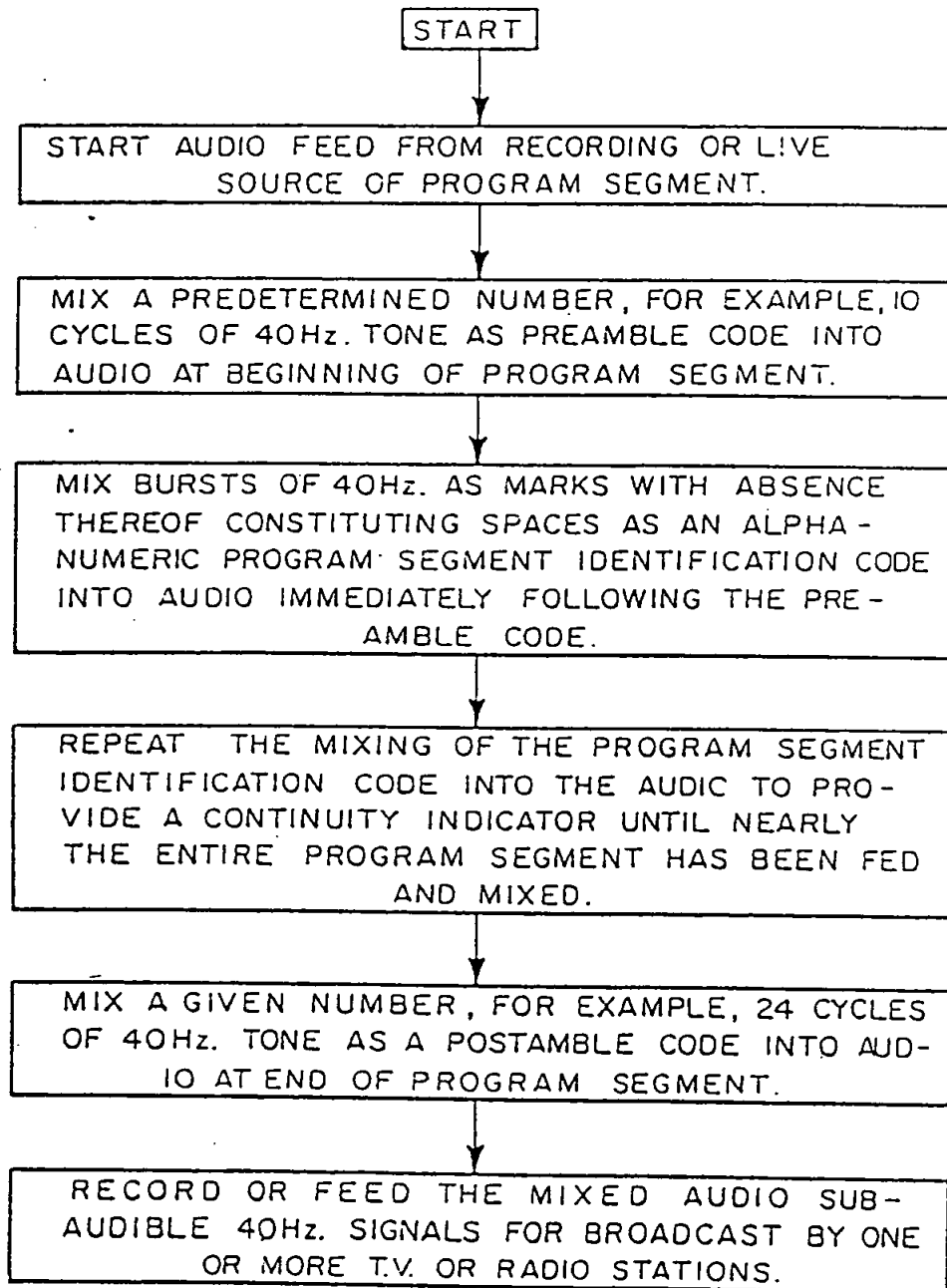


Fig. 2

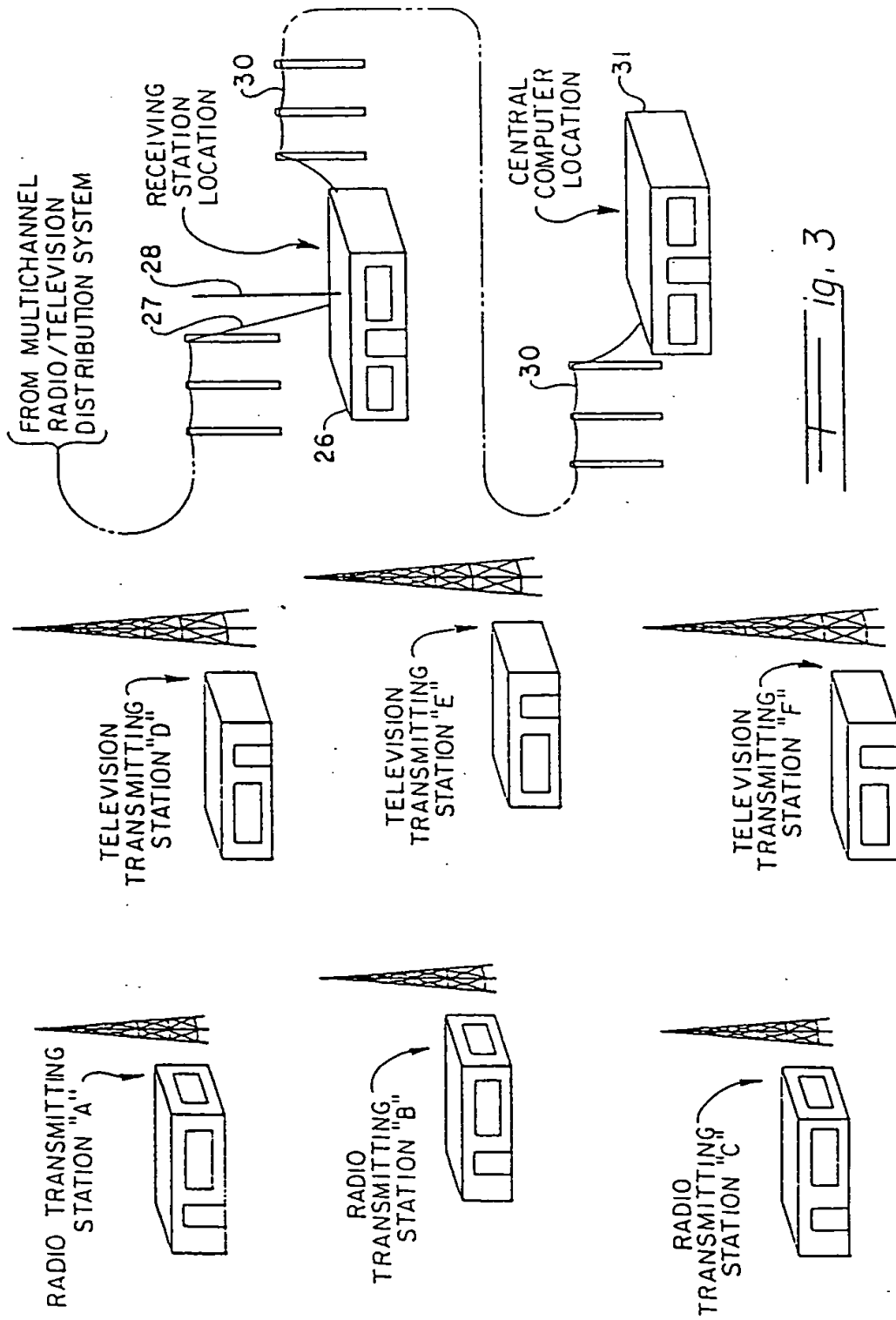


Fig. 3

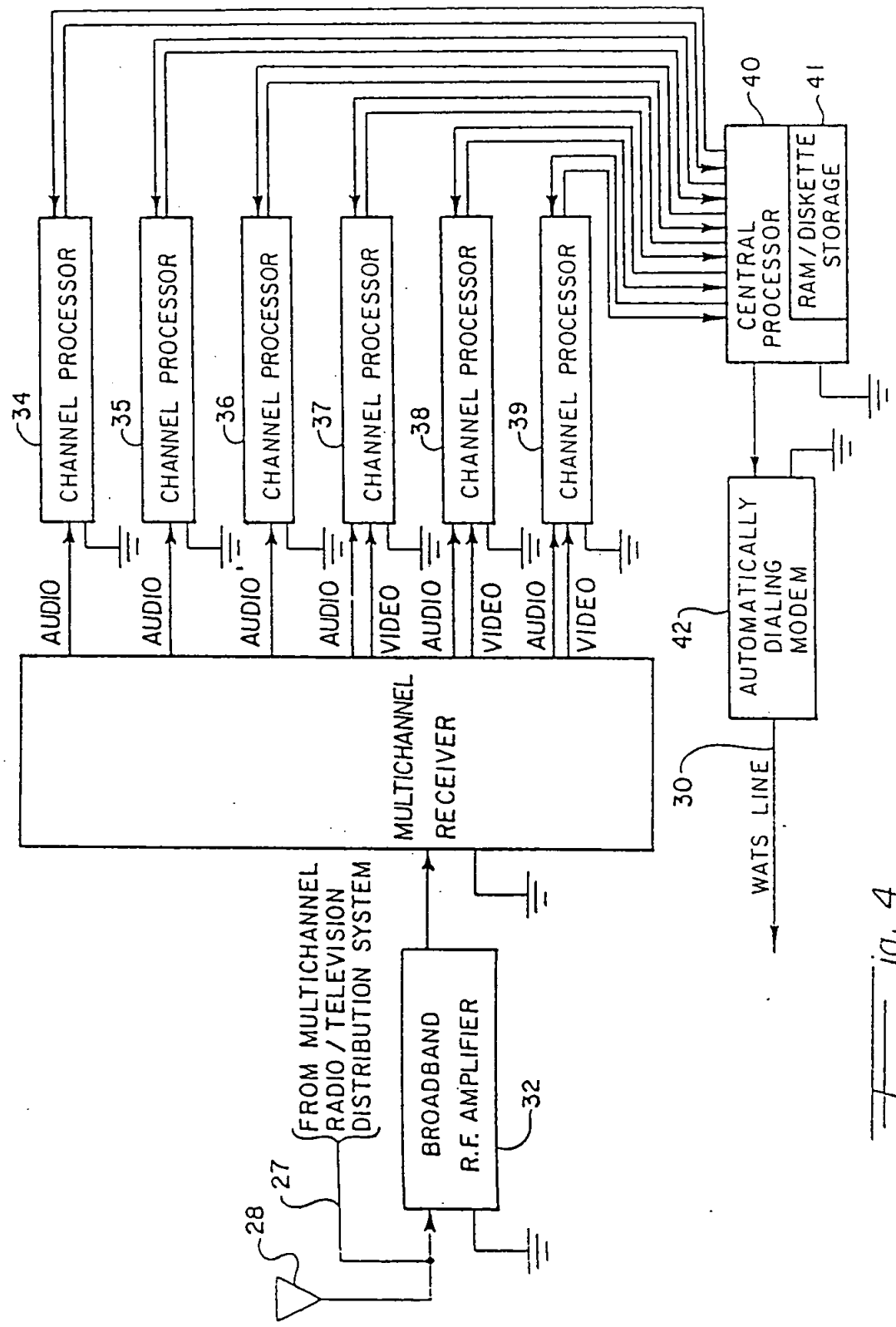


Fig. 4

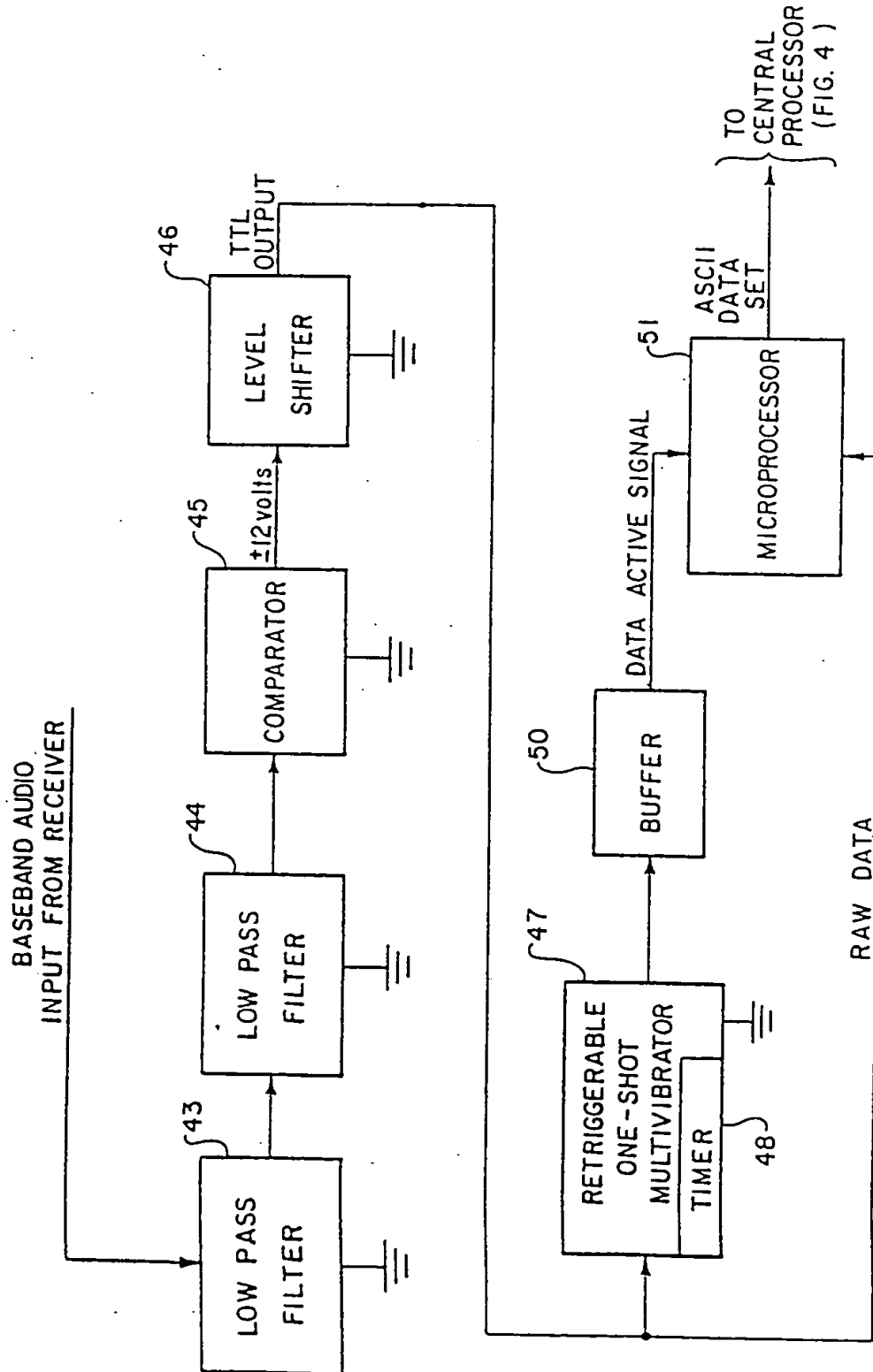
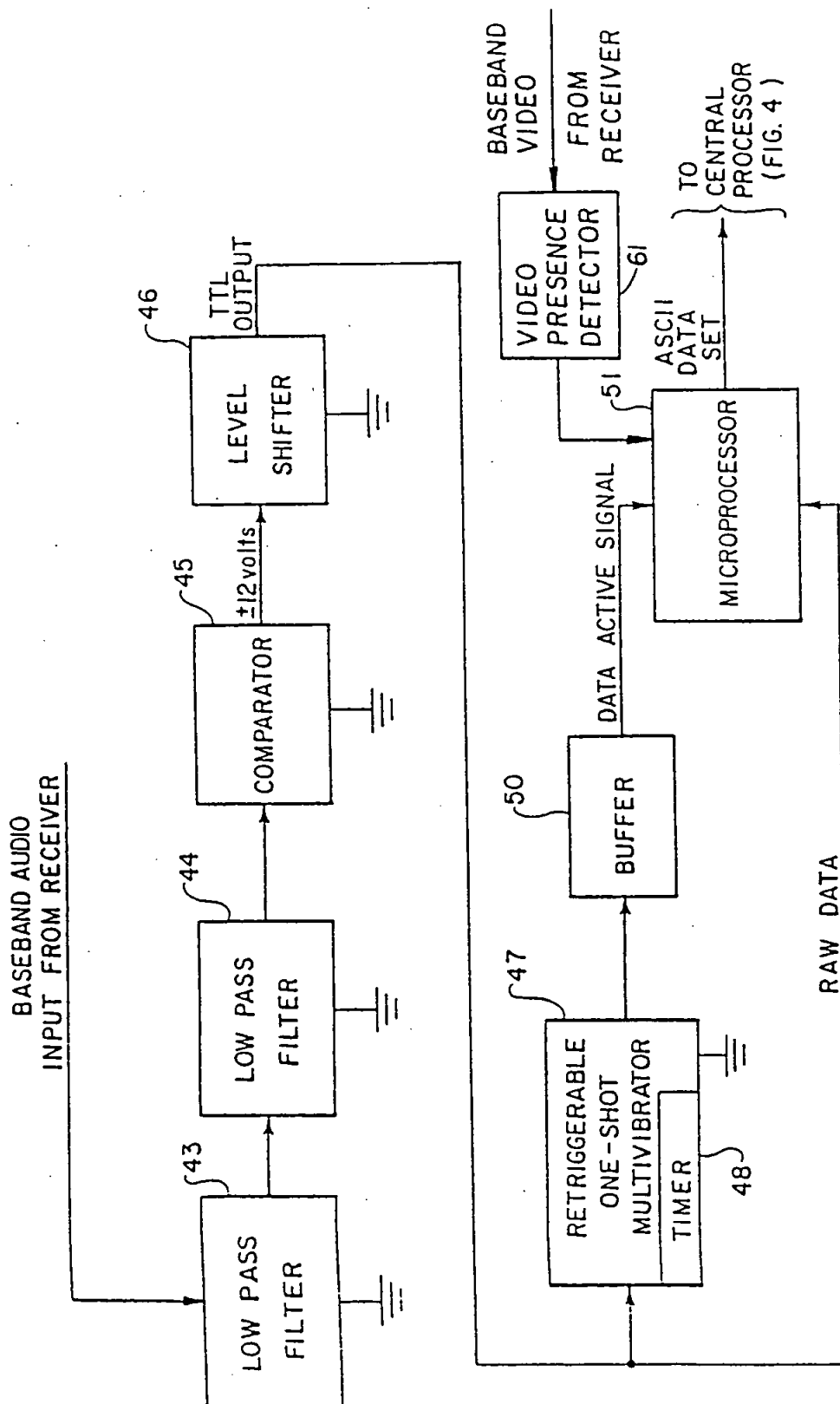
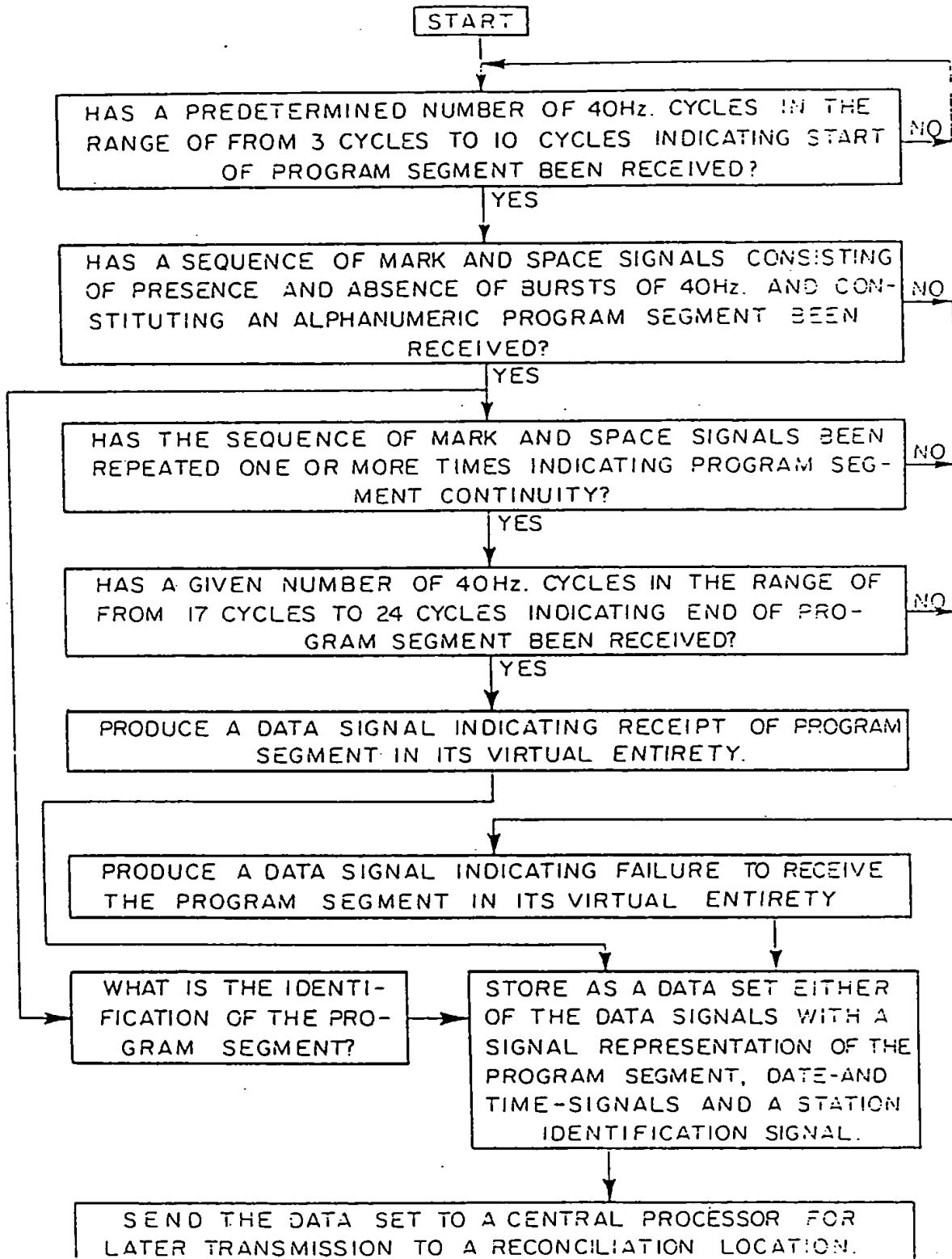


Fig. 5A

Fig. 5B



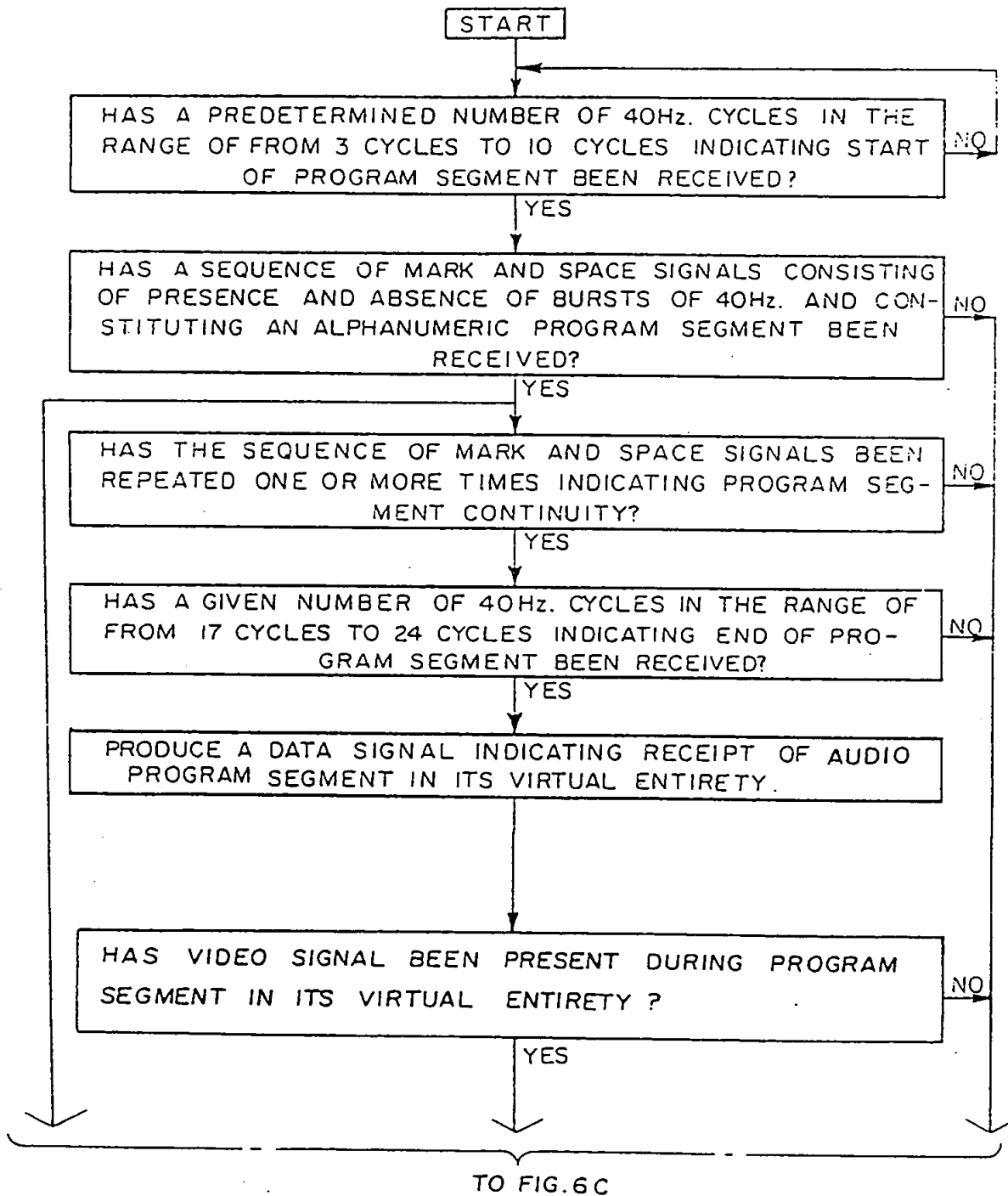


Fig. 6B

FROM FIG. 6 B

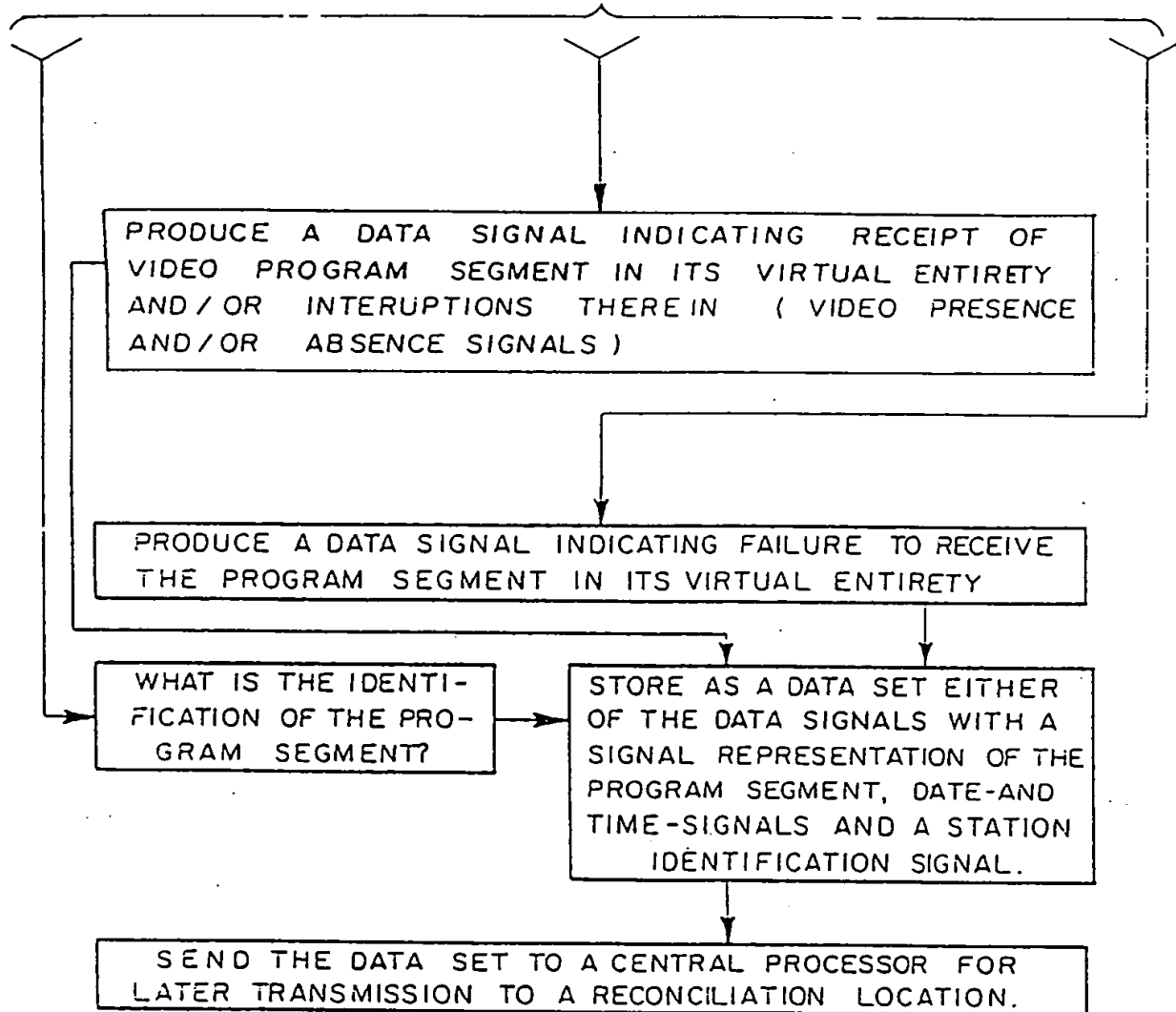


Fig. 6C

